THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

Vol. LX Orange W A clerk — E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor. NAPANEE, ONTARIO, CANADA—TUESDAY, OCTOBER 21st, 1924. $1.50 per year in advance

The Fine Qualities of "SALADA" 5488 GREEN TEA

cannot be adequately described but they can be appreciated in the teacup.

FREE SAMPLE of GREEN TEA UPON REQUEST. "SALADA," TORONTO

H. J. GLEESON, M.B. University of Toronto.

Office of late Dr. Grant, corner of East and Bridge streets.
Office hours 1.30 to 5 p.m., 7 to 9 p.m. Phone 123.

INSURANCE

For Fire Insurance try ALFRED McCUTCHEON, Roblin.

A number of companies to choose from.
Office: Residence, Roblin, Main Street. 27-tf

H. W. GALLAGHER

The People's Auctioneer

My experience in handling a number of very successful sales has convinced my patrons that I am capable of handling any sale and guarantee to give you perfect satisfaction.
List your sales with me.
H. W. GALLAGHER.
Phone 10 ring 1-3, Adolphustown. 11-3-m

DOXSEE & CO.

New Autumn MILLINERY

More time and care has been taken in selecting these new Fall Fashions than ever before.

We are now showing a nice selection of Felt Hat, including combinations of Felt and Velvet, Silk and Velvet, in all the newest shades,

AT MODERATE PRICES

HOSIERY

In Black, Beige, Sand, and White. Odd sizes.

AT PRICES TO CLEAR.

The Leading Millinery House

Dress Well And Succeed

Buy Quality Clothes, at Reasonable Prices, Tailored to your order by

W.W.ADAMS
Merchant Tailor
Newburgh, - Ont.

HARDWOOD - FLOORING!
Seamac-Kent Hardwood Flooring Floors Re-surfaced and Finished.
ARTHUR A. SILLS,
Colemans Street, BELLEVILLE

Use Satin Finish
HARDWOOD - FLOORING
and save the expense of scraping. It's finished before it is laid.
For estimates, etc., ask
PICTON WOODWORKING CO.
45-tf Picton.

DR. ALEXANDER RAY
EYE SPECIALIST of Belleville
will be at Campbell House, Napanee every Friday afternoon from 12.30 to 4.30 p.m. All forms of defective vision and eye strain will receive expert service. No charge for preliminary consultation. 33-cm

WANTED—Competent working housekeeper. Apply JAS. A. WILSON at Wilson's Shoe Store. 46-bp

FOR SALE—One second-hand square piano, extra good condition. A real bargain. Apply to SPENCER & SON. 23

WANTED—At once, Alsike seed in quantities. Highest market price paid. Bring in a sample. GEO. E. WINTER, Dundas St.

FOR SALE—Farrow cow. Apply to MRS. SARAH WEESE on the farm 1½ miles east of Napanee on the Provincial Highway. 47-ap

FOR SALE—17-ft. Motor Boat, in good running order. Just right size for camp and trolling. Speed, 2 to 8 miles per hour. Apply E. L. BEDORE. 32-tf

ALWAYS a number of farms and houses in town for sale. Owners may also list property for sale at low terms. No sale, no charge. T. B. GERMAN, Barrister, Napanee, Ont. 6-tf

FOR SALE—Small 7 room brick house, two barns, stalls for three cows and hen house, about four acres of land next to East Ward School, Newburgh road. Apply at premises. 47-ap

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Residence and two lots on Dundas street. Ten acres and building with sixty horse power boiler, engine and shafting on West street. MRS. MIDMER, Millhaven.

WANTED—Newlaid Eggs, Live Fowl and Chickens, Honey, Dairy Butter, etc. Write for prices. Prompt cash payment. Satisfaction guaranteed. GUNN LANGLOIS & CO., Limited, Montreal. 41-h

FARM FOR SALE OR TO RENT—145 acres in Richmond, three miles from Napanee. Good land, living spring, fair house and barns. Formerly the Chamberlain farm. Apply to MAX FOX, Napanee. 43-tf

½ TON FORD TRUCK FOR SALE 1917, a sacrifice. Have you heard about the new Peerless Hand Milker. Ask your neighbor. Frost & Wood Machinery and Cockshutt Plows, Slated Roofing. Sold by SPENCER & SON. 34

COURT OF REVISION.

Notice is hereby given that a Court will be held pursuant to the Ontario Voters' List Act, by His Honour, the Judge of the County Court of the County of Lennox and Addington, at the Town Hall, Selby, on Wednesday, the 29th day of October, 1924, at 10 o'clock a.m., to hear and determine complaints of errors and omissions in the Voters' List of the Municipality of Richmond for 1924.

Dated this 6th day of October, 1924.

H. ALLAN WOOD,
45-b Clerk of Richmond.

New Dry Goods and Artwear Store
AT NAPANEE
Opposite Royal Hotel

We do cleaning, Repairing and Pressing on all kinds of Clothing.

Try us and we are sure you will be satisfied. 45-b

NAPANEE REGIMENT INSPECTED

Major-Gen. J. H. Emsley, G.O.C., Military District No. 3, on Thursday evening inspected B Company, Frontenac Regiment, in the Armouries here. Gen. Emsley was accompanied by Colonel Gascoigne, A.D.C., and the appearance of the young men, and complimented them on their fine turnout.

After the inspection the B Company, Frontenac Regiment Club was officially opened by Gen. Emsley, when a splendid repast was served. Lieut. F. Bell presided, while Capt. H. L. Babcock acted as toast-master. Short speeches were given by Gen. Emsley, Col. Browne, Major Partridge, Mayor MacGregor and Reeve Graham.

Together with Gen. Emsley were Col. H. Browne, Major Jones, Major Partridge, Capt. F. Purdy, Capt. Murray, Lieut. O. A. Earl, Lieut Vanalstine.

INTER-SCHOOL TRACK MEET

PICTON VS. NAPANEE.

The annual track meet between the Collegiate Institutes resulted again in a victory for Napanee. But the contest this year was much closer and the result was in doubt until the final event had been divided. Picton's good showing was due mainly to the work of W. Rorke and H. Church especially the former.

The competition consisted of eight events, of which four were contested at Napanee Field Day on Oct. 10th, and four at Picton Field Day on Oct. 17th. The results were as follows:

Running Broad Jump — R. Church (Picton), A. Walters (Napanee) D. Fennell, (Napanee).

Running hop, step and jump—W. Rorke (Picton), A. Walters, (Napanee), R. Church (Picton).

220-yard dash—W. Rorke (Picton), D. Fennell (Napanee), R. Empey (Napanee).

100-yard dash—R. Empey (Napanee), W. Rorke (Picton), (Picton).

Running high jump—A. Walters (Napanee), R. Cowie (Napanee) and W. Rorke (Picton) tie.

Half mile—W. Rorke (Picton), Thompson (Picton), A. Walters (Napanee).

Pole Vault—F. Ballard (Napanee), W. Coates (Napanee), W. Rorke (Picton).

Relay races—Napanee, Picton. Points—1st, 5 points; 2nd, 3 points; 3rd, 1 point, except in relay race where only first place counts.

Score—Napanee 37; Picton 31.

The members of the Athletic Society desire to express their gratitude to those who assisted the contestants in this meet, in getting to Picton. Messrs. E. J. Pollard, M. P. Graham, Harry Garratt, Ralph Sills and C. A. Wiseman provided means of transportation with their auto's and sacrificed an afternoon's time from business in order to enable the Napanee Collegiate Institute to win in Picton.

SELBY.

Digging potatoes is the order of the day. Mr. Norman McMillan holds the record for large ones. One found in his garden weighed 2 lbs. 8 oz.

A number from here attended the Sunday School Convention at Odessa on Monday.

Mr. J. W. Richmond and Mr. Geo. Richmond motored to Trenton on Saturday last to attend the funeral of the late John Winters.

Mr. and Mrs. Barnum left on Tuesday for Toronto.

Mr. Vincent Brady is doing a good business—fresh meat and ice cream night.

The W.C.T.U. had their monthly meeting on Wednesday at the home of Mrs. W. H. Ramsay.

The school is still under the able management of Miss Helen Sexsmith.

The funeral of the late Joseph Bell, of Empey Hill, was held at his home on Wednesday.

A large number of friends gave Mr. and Mrs. Sammie Weese a shower on Friday evening last at the home of the bride's father, Mr. Alex McCutcheon.

Rev. Mr. Dixon, of Odessa, occupied the pulpit in the Methodist church on Sunday evening.

Drs. Dennis P. and Agnes M. Mullaley
Chiropractors
Graduates of National College, Chicago
Spinal Adjustment, Massage, Urinalysis.
Centre St., (north of Bridge St)
Office Hours: A. M., 10-12; P. M., 2-5, 7-8.
'Phone 301.
Consultation, Free.

MINUTES OF LENNOX TEACHERS' INSTITUTE

The fifty-first annual meeting of the Lennox Teachers' Institute was held in West Ward Public School, Oct. 9th and 10th, 1924.

The President, Mr. W. J. Trenouth, called upon Rev. A. J. Wilson, B.A.B.D., Napanee, to conduct the opening exercises. Rev. Mr. Wilson read 1 Cor. xii chapter and offered prayer. He then expressed his appreciation of the teachers' work, and reminded them that a deep responsibility rested upon leaders as they were workers together for the development of character, and of peace and progress.

Mr. Wilson enlisted the teachers' co-operation in working for the C.T.A., not only because of its beneficial results upon children, but because its defeat would be a deep calamity, while its enforcement would help to make life worth living.

Later in the day Miss Laura Rockwell presented to the teachers for their consideration, the following resolution which was passed almost unanimously:

"We, the teachers of Lennox county, in Convention assembled, wish to place ourselves on record as being in perfect accord with the O.T.A., and we most earnestly desire its continuance, as children come to school more regularly, are better clothed and much better nourished now than formerly."

The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted.

Communications from Mr. Glass, G. Fraser, Sec. to O.E.A., and the French River's Water Competition, were ordered filed.

The Auditors' Report was read and found correct by the auditors, Miss L. Rockwell and Miss E. Anderson.

The following committee was appointed to consider resolutions to the O.E.A. and O. Executive: Miss M. Mitchell, Mrs. A. Aikenbrack, Misses Hill, Crozier and Hawley.

The members of the Nominating Committee were: Inspector Corkill, Mr. Trenouth, Mr. Earl, Misses Allen and L. Wilson, and Mrs. Fairbairn.

The delegates to the O.E.A. gave very interesting and comprehensive reports.

Miss Blanche Hawley confined her remarks to the Primary Dept. She outlined several addresses given on the topics as The Primer, Primary Reading, Arithmetic and Supplementary Reading in Primary Classes, Religious Teaching, Methods and Devices. In the last address Miss Hawley said the speaker, Dr. Eric Clark, of Toronto, showed how many of these unmanageable children are really suffering from an ailment that renders them absolutely irresponsible but how they are improved and helped by special training in auxiliary classes.

Miss J. M. Dennee outlined speeches given by such well-known men as Hon. L. A. Tacherau, Prime Minister of Quebec; Mr. Crawford, Technical Administrator for the Dominion; Mr. Kerr, President of the General Association and Mr. Chas. G. Fraser, Secretary of the O.E.A. Hon. Mr. Tacherau desired a closer relation between his province and Ont. He thought that a better understanding would exist between the provinces if each would respect the language and customs of the other. Mr. Chas. G. Fraser, in his address on An Ideal Teachers' Institute, gave some good points which would be a help to Executives.

Mr. Corkill, I.P.S., complimented the teachers on their exhaustive reports and said that when Miss Hawley mentioned Religious exercises, he was reminded of a school he once visited where the pupils rushed out at 4 p.m., without any closing exercises and he remembered saying mentally:

"Few and short were the words we said,
And we spoke not a word of sorrow."

The President's address was on Education. Mr. Trenouth defined education as the act of developing and cultivating the various physical, intellectual and moral faculties. He showed the importance of an education as illustrated by the difference between England and Turkey, and in the improved condition of Italy to-day. Helen Kellar is a good example of what education can do for the individual. The speaker showed the importance of an all-round education and what the child has a right to expect from the schools of to-day. We make a sad mistake whenever we endeavor to give the child a moral, physical or mental training to the exclusion of the others. Mr. Trenouth showed the different ways in which the schools could train the three faculties as far as possible during school life—by class-work, games and home training. "An all-round education is necessary," concluded the speaker and added:

Could I, in stature reach the pole,
Or grasp creation in my span,
I'd still be measured by my soul,
The mind's the stature of the man."

Thursday afternoon, Mr. A.

(Continued on page 5).

Sills' Motors.

Service on all cars. Work guaranteed. We are installing new work shop equipment for time and labor saving, giving greater satisfaction to our customers. Genuine Ford parts. Formerly Lennox Garage.

The Farmer's Sun.

New subscriptions or renewals received at this office. 46-b

NAPANEE WOMEN'S INSTITUTE

The October meeting of the Napanee Women's Institute was held in the agricultural rooms on Tuesday, Oct. 14th, at 2.30 p.m. The usual order of proceedings was observed and then came the paper on Current Events, the magnitude of which is globe encircling. The Political Crisis, wars, rumors of war, The rise and fall of times and trades, activities of the sporting world is all most interestingly woven into the history of the month.

The District President, Mrs. Haight, and the District Secretary Mrs. Young, were then introduced and Mrs. Haight, who is a professional nurse, spoke very enthusiastically in the Temperance Campaign. She began by saying that the outcome of the present issue is a tremendouous one. The O. T. A. may not be perfect, but it is the only law we have on temperance and temperance reform, if the law is not enforced, it is not the fault of the law, but the one who should enforce it.

Statistics show that it has kept thousands of Canadians out of gaol which has meant the closing of many such institutions, therefore less expenditure, the saving of thousands of Canadians for home life and keeping them for useful occupations. Think of the hearts made glad from misery and disgrace, the better homes, the better food, the better social life, the reduction of crime, the better citizens, the better business.

Mrs. Haight spoke very feelingly of the misery and suffering due directly or indirectly to alcohol she had witnessed in her experience as a nurse. The effect of alcohol, no matter how procured are the same when it enters the system.

She spoke of the number of acute alcoholics brought into the hospital every week, their care and treatment. She quoted that 75 per cent. of the accidents were due directly to alcohol. The habitual drinker never gives a clear or harm than the one who gets drunk occasionally. The effects may be slow, but they are sure and when disease comes along a system saturated with alcohol cannot throw off the disease. The organs are so weakened from alcohol, function, they have become impoverished. Lymph, that protects all the blood which circulates where blood does not go—in the dense parts of bone, cartilage and the minute parts of muscle or nerve, and in the white of the eye, is directly attacked by alcohol. Lymph works outside of the blood vessels, bringing food from the blood carrying nutriment to flesh and bone by means of the blood vessels, returning to the blood with waste and worn-out tissue to be cast out of the system. Only lymph cannot do its work efficiently. The great must the system suffer. Insanity can often be traced to alcohol. Alcohol and heredity often the cause of blindness and deformity in infants. In cases of suicide, alcohol plays a very very slow if the victim is addicted to alcohol. Mrs. Haight implored all most sincerely to uphold the O. T. A. Temperance in the Home and Country, for better health, better Canadians, for the welfare of future generations, for the lessening of crime, insanity, and for better morals.

We must have laws to benefit society. The Ten Commandments and the Laws of Moses and who does not call them good laws. We hear no Reverend gentleman roar to have them repealed. Kings must obey the laws of their country and the sun-rises and stars which gild the heavens have their courses mapped out through infinitude.

Mrs. Young spoke on Home Management. The words Home and Heaven are from the same root word. What Heaven is to the spiritual life, Home therefore, should be to the natural life. We cannot think of Heaven without thinking of God, and God is love, so in Home Management nothing should surpass it in love.

The Home is the child's world and his Heaven in his early life. In it he first learns to love and to obey. He learns the principles of truth and right. His mother's knee is his altar, where he first learns of God and Heaven. For the full development of character there must be free interchange of thought. High ideals should be maintained by every member of the home in which each should be a factor in influencing for good in the minds and morals of those with whom he is brought in contact under good environment has a far greater chance of being a good citizen than one who is not brought up under reverse conditions. Home Management requires much effort and need go together with gifts and graces that not many possess. The home-maker must have time for study and thought in order to be able to discuss the questions of the day intelligently with their families, thereby gaining and holding their respect, thus the need of goods books and papers. Books are said to be to the mind what food is to the body, so how important it is that we have the best books.

Flowers and music also have their influence for the best that is in us. Too close application in business and pleasure not much joy and opportunity for betterment, so is it worth while? We should learn to stop if we are to be the most efficient home-makers for the success of a nation depends upon its homes, the home is the bulwark of a nation, a nation cannot rise to a higher level than its homes.

Coal oil stoves and ovens at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

TOWN COUNCIL

Council Chamber,
Oct. 20th, 1924.

Council met in regular session on Monday evening.

Present—Mayor MacGregor in the chair, and Reeve Graham and Councillors Simpson, Dunbar, Jewell, Huffman, Paul and Burgess.

The minutes of the last regular session were read and confirmed.

A communication was read from Government House, Ottawa, as follows:

Oct. 17th, 1924.

Mayor MacGregor,

Sir:—

I am desired by the Prince of Wales to ask you to convey to the citizens of Napanee, and the school children, his sincere appreciation of their welcome yesterday, and his regret that it was not possible for him to halt at Napanee.

A. LASCELLES,
Assistant Private Secretary.

A communication was read from the Standard Paving Co., stating they would make the necessary repairs to Dundas street this fall if weather stays favorable.

A communication was read from the Board of Education re an Advisory Committee to the composed of the Property Committee, of the Board of Education, two members of the Town Council and two members of the Board of Commerce. The duties of this Advisory Committee are to thoroughly consider the situation in regard to the overcrowded condition of the Collegiate Institute and to make recommendation to the Board as to the best way to overcome the situation.

Reeve Graham and Coun. Jewell were appointed as members of the above proposed committee.

Chief of Police Barrett asked the Council for two weeks' leave of absence commencing Nov. 3rd.

Left in the hands of the Police Committee to arrange for the Chief's vacation.

Crown Attorney F. M. Wilson made application to the council for remission of the fine imposed upon Maxwell McDonald for a breach of the O.T.A. He based his appeal on the fact that Mr. McDonald was a man who was confined to an insane asylum.

The matter was referred to the Town Solicitor and he advised the council to take no action at the present time.

An motion of Coun. Burgess and Coun. Jewell the advice of the solicitor will be acted upon.

Dr. Lewis, Optician, addressed the council asking that the proposed transient trader's license to be collected for the town. His application was to the effect that outside opticians were visiting Napanee and were paying no tax, and in consequence he was of the opinion that they should not be asked to pay a transient trader's license.

The application was read on behalf Mr. T. Corey in reference to payment of a transient trader's license for conducting the moving business in a store on Dundas St.

The Finance Committee were instructed to investigate and report on the question of a transient traders license for Mr. Lewis, Optician.

No action was taken on the petition before the council on behalf of Mr. T. Corey.

Coun. Paul, Chairman of Fire, Water and Light Committee, reported recommending that Mr. Wm. Schryver be paid the sum of $75 for the use of his horse in connection with the fire department. Also that the committee be empowered to purchase the necessary coats, hats and boots needed by the firemen.

Report adopted.

The clerk was instructed to write the Muskoka Free Hospital asking if they had accommodation for a patient from Napanee.

ACCOUNTS.

The following accounts were ordered paid:

E. Drake	8	2 30
J. Bell	4	60
D. B. Wilson	19	34
T. H. Huffman	29	35
Davy & Allison	2	52
Madole Hardware Co.	158	86
Madole Hardware Co.	255	34

The following accounts were referred to committees with power to act: Township of Richmond $13.75, Streets; Davis & Goodes $24.00, Town Property.

Council adjourned.

VanLuven's Coal takes the wet out of rain. Costs only $14.50 —Why pay more?

Genuine Creonoid Fly Oil in bulk at $1.00 per gallon at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

NAPANEE DISTRICT MISSIONARY CONVENTION

The thirtieth Annual Convention of the Methodist Church met at Empey Hill, Wednesday, October 5th, 1924. It being a glorious day the spacious church was well filled, and presented a homey appearance, with its many cut flowers and potted plants.

The officers were in their respective places, viz., Mrs. Geo. I. Perry and Mrs. I. Asselstine. The morning session opened with the repeating of the Creed. Hymn 530, "And Are We Yet Alive," gave cause for thankfulness, and an uplifting prayer for God's kind Providence and care. If there was any distinct keynote struck throughout the Convention, it was the important part prayer has in our work.

Rev. Truscott-Gill Merrick led in earnest prayer for our work and workers, and that our lives through Christ Jesus, above lost victories and defeats.

Press Reporter appointed, followed by reports of Unit Mission, Circles and Bands. All Auxiliaries reported the sum of $687.-80 being raised since May 1st. Two Circles and five Bands reported the sum of $66.72, making a total of $754.52. After a temperance address by our Secretary, Mrs. Asselstine, had been presented by Mrs. Haines, but throughout the sessions she spoke so fittingly and hopefully of the work, it was a continual report.

Business resulted in re-electing the old officers unanimously. Selby Mission Band being absent. Marion Winters delighted the audience with a flower motion song, "Gold and Blue."

Miss Mary Morrow read a paper given by Mrs. Clement, of Deseronto. Firstly mentioned was two thoughts naturally arise in our minds, viz., the workers of to-day and the workers of yesterday; then two distinct classes of workers, viz., those in the home and those in God's cause in Church and community, those who work inquiry each week to undermine and overthrow. Upon the workers of to-day are built the workers of to-morrow, and this depends on home influence, parental factors, home, school and church. Setting forth the various responsibilities of the home, the important factors of the Church, Young People's Societies and Sunday Schools, as helpful and important, and clearly stated the parents part in developing a love for the same through home training. Non-attendance at Church Home Day and age had become a rule rather than exception, and that even Communion Services were not exempt. Many passages of Scripture were read concerning the training of children for God's service of tomorrow. Also the men of yesterday's workers were enumerated whose parents took time for the right and essential things of life. Touching upon religion in schools brought out the necessity of using all possible influence to have texts taught there which confirm prohibition as a necessary measure, for God's kingdom will not until we raise a generation of voters who realize the danger of Intemperance, and they will be among our workers of to-morrow. Strong was this paper in parents' duties, and the children will receive such training as will make them worthy citizens of the world of which they are and will be a responsible part.

An instrumental duett by Mesdames Maybee and Wright, was a new feature in our programs, and listened to very appreciatively.

Mrs. Erwell Miller, of Wilton Auxiliary, gave us our Half Hour in a manner of sweet devotion, and as we listened to the different passages selected from Christ's lips, hearts inwardly came the thought, all this for me, and perhaps realized our eternal indebtedness as never before.

Noon hour arriving, Mrs. Fred Kimmerly voiced our welcome in behalf of the entertaining Auxiliary, and that the interest and devotion of the work would make us feel at home among them, and that the genial companionship, eating together, would linger long among us.

Afternoon session was opened by Violet Auxiliary taking charge

(Continued on page 5).

OCT. 1924 Our Weekly Calendar

Moon Phases
New Moon Oct. 28th

21 Tue. Tis time to get your potatoes out and stored.

22 Wed. Mrs. V. Young (very) "I have found out the cutest way to get your house aerated. Mrs. Mills says the crickets that chirp so loud will eat holes out of hose at night."

23 Thur. So I took all of yours that had holes in them and spread them on the lawn, and fancy! those little things eating the holes tonight."

24 Fri. Flurries of snow, the leaves are changing.

25 Sat. The children like any story that begins with "when I was a boy."

26 Sun. For God is the King of all the earth; sing ye His praises with understanding.

27 Mon. But gone are the birds of orange and gold,
That sat in its branches and stories told
To the little birds in the nest so high,
Of joy to come when they learned to fly.

Pumpkins Wanted

Apply to JOHN GALT, at receiving platform, opposite Wiseman's garage, Napanee.

E. C. Metcalf Canning Co., Deseronto, Ontario.

Doubt must be eliminated to enjoy touring. You must trust your tires. For a tranquil mind use "Gutta Percha" Tires; they give confidence; they will be faithful to your trust.

"GUTTA PERCHA"
CORD TIRES
"Quality all Through"

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Complete Stock carried by
J. MURPHY, C. A. WISEMAN,
PAUL'S GARAGE.

The Best Service

A store can give its customers is to provide the best possible **VALUES** for the prices asked.

We seek to do this, and it is our purpose to make you feel you can absolutely depend upon the **QUALITY** of your purchases here.

OUR STOCK OF CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS MERIT YOUR CAREFUL CONSIDERATION.

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.
Napanee Ont.

J. B. WILLOUGHBY, M.D., C.M.
Corner Dundas and Robinson Streets.
Office Hours :—2 p.m. to 5 p.m., 7 p.m. to 8 p.m.
Phone 307. 32-tf

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Phone 1200

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Everything Neat and Sanitary
Best of Service Guaranteed.
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Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.
OFFICE—Centre Street. PHONE 61

T. M. GALBRAITH
B. A., M. D., C. M.
Cor. Dundas and West Streets
Specialty—Diseases of Children.
Office hours—Until 9 a. m. 1 p. m. till 3 p. m. 7 till 9 p. m.
Telephone—279.

Hard and soft cut wood for sale. 'Phone 53.
ROBT. LIGHT. 44tf

GET IT AT
WALLACE'S

Here and There

Immigration to Canada for the month of August, 1924, totalled 20,186, of whom 5,706 were from the British Isles, 1,784 from the United States, and 12,696 from other countries. Immigration for the first five months of the fiscal year totalled 76,719. In the same period 23,861 Canadians have returned to Canada from domicile in the United States.

As an indication that the tide of settlers has definitely set in the direction of Canada, it has been made known by the Department of Immigration and Colonization that 5,000 acres of land near Lethbridge has been sold to ten families of 75 persons from South Dakota. This, it is announced, is only the advance guard of a considerable northward movement from that region.

"We will have a good report to present when we reach the Hebrides", said Rev. Father Alex. MacDougall, a member of the Hebridean commission of inquiry which investigated conditions of Hebrideans in Canada. The members of the commission, after visiting Alberta, reported the new settlers perfectly satisfied with Canadian conditions.

Among the passengers sailing for Europe aboard the Canadian Pacific Steamship "Empress of France" on October 8th, was Geo. A. Walton, General Passenger Agent, Canadian Pacific Railway, Montreal, who will represent the company on an extensive tour of Europe arranged for the American Association of Passenger Traffic Officers by the transAtlantic steamship companies and the railroads of Great Britain and the continent.

Charles J. Pernigotti, a native of Danbury, Conn., has received a commission from the Prince of Wales to paint some of his blooded stock on the E. P. ranch, near High River, on the Canadian Pacific lines in Alberta. Pernigotti, who has attained a reputation as a painter of animals, says the commission was awarded during the Prince's stay at Syosset. He will commence work the latter part of October.

As a result of the survey conducted by the newly formed Graphic Arts Association, printing and allied trades are now shown to constitute the second largest industry in Winnipeg, Man., representing an investment of $10,054,318, and providing employment for 12,000 people. The report shows that during 1923 the sum of $3,619,322 was paid in salaries.

With the approaching close of the tourist season, plans are being laid for the continuation of construction work at the Chateau Frontenac, the Canadian Pacific Railway's palatial hotel in the city of Quebec. Some of the interior decorating and the completion of rooms of the main corridor in the Chateau had to be left unfinished when the present tourist season opened, but it is expected that work on these parts of the hotel will commence very shortly. The billiard room and other rooms in the basement will also be completed as soon as possible.

ABSENT-MINDEDNESS

BY ELMER WAGAR.

If you were to ask me what is the surest indication of a great mind, I should answer—unless I were preoccupied — "Absent-mindedness." The surest sign of a small mind I should say jealousy. Your small-minded man or woman are seldom caught napping. They are intent on the petty problems of everyday life and quick to observe anything that is to their own advantage. But the green-eyed monster, jealousy, is invariably the prevailing characteristic of small-minded people. They, especially the fairer sex, envy their more fortunate sisters whom nature favored, for instance—with comely features, a prepossessing figure, a sunny disposition and other natural graces, together with what they may have acquired by the way of social position, good clothes, etc. In a district where I was visiting not so long ago, some men and women, through jealously, had become obsessed with the hallucination that some one was alienating their wives or husbands affections, as the case may be. No dobut but what false and malicious gossip was largely responsible for such a state of affairs, and is generally so in every case of a like nature.

Now this invidious quality is absolutely foreign to a magnanimous mind. Now the small-minded man prides himself on being master of his job, and is completely satisfied with doing one thing well. What he knows he knows thoroughly. What he doesn't know, doesn't interest him. Thus his thoughts move in a small circle. Whereas a great mind is roaming in the ends of the earth, back to the dawn of creation and forward to the millennium.

Not that a great mind lacks the power of concentration. But it has more subjects on which to concentrate, and unless those subjects happen to be appropriate to the time and place, the man is absent-minded.

There are times when the greatest minds are intent for hours on things so minute that a small mind would never suspect their existence. The cross-section of a mosquito's proboscis for instance. Then there are the basic problems of economy to be thought out. How shall I obtain the meat from a filbert without cracking the shell? Impossible! No sir; to a really great mind nothing is impossible. All I have to do is induce some more energetic person to use the hammer. He does the work and I enjoy the fruits of his labors. The explanation of his primeship has made many a poor man rich.

Picture the army of humble toilers who are engaged in cracking nuts for someone else's benefit. This is a misuse of the great mind, no doubt, but is equally a misuse of the small mind that never rises above its job. If a thousand men are satisfied to spend their lives putting pins in pins, they should be grateful to the one man who organizes the pin industry and gives them steady employment.

Yes, I am absent-minded, but not so much as I ought to be. Seated in front of a meal of poached eggs I forget that the Western wheat crop will only be about 40 per cent. of the normal. Russia disseminating her socialistic propaganda, Germany putting one over on France and England. American speculators making millions out of Canadian farm produce and the Senate emasculating our pet Beach bills. One would think the whole world consisted of two poached eggs and an empty plate.

Now my friend, Bill Jee really was absent-minded in the highest sense. His one thought in life was the happiness of others. When you saw Bill sugaring his soup under the impression that it was porridge, you could guess he was busy re-establishing the Jews in Palestine. And when the bowl was empty he would carry on with the spoon till he missed the taste of food and then rise from the table with the comfortable feeling that he had finished the meal and leave me to pay the bill. Arrived at home and noticing the clock hands at a quarter past one, he would murmer, "Dear me, late again. I really must get more sleep. And the chances are I would find him in my bed instead of his own.

If Bill had taken that $750,000 worth of liberty bonds the other day, the judge would have had no trouble in finding him quite free from blame. "I know I had some liberty bonds somewhere." Bill would have said, "and I naturally thought these they. But they were quite safe with me, and I am glad to restore them to their original owner.

When Bill got married he was surprised next morning to see a young lady completing her toilet before his mirror. "Excuse me Miss," said Bill, "but haven't you mistaken the room?" "No indeed," replied his wife, with a smile. "Then it must be me, and I owe you a thousand apologies." It took quite a little time to convince him that everything was all right.

Once there was a banquet and Bill was to make a speech on "Our Imperial Relations." His wife went with him, for Bill's mind was so lost in his subject he was helpless as a child. They gave him a place next to the chairman and all through the courses he was eating automatically, his eyes fixed on an unsightly map of the empire on a blank wall opposite. His train of thought was broken by the laughter and chatter of the ladies when they reached the fruit stage and he looked around puzzled, then turned to Mrs. Bill for an explanation. "My dear," he said reprovingly, "you never told me we were going to have company."

I don't know what Mrs. Bill said in answer to that, for in about a minute the chairman called on Bill for his speech, and he rose looking like a fish out of water. But it was a great address, for Bill certainly had a master mind.

"Ladies and Gentlemen," he said, "I am not quite clear as to the object of our coming together this evening, but I am sure it is a most auspicious occasion. I had intended to say something about our imperial relations, but I have just had a few words with my wife—my most imperial relation gentlemen— and as I am all at sea and half-seas-over, it will perhaps be better to talk about the navy." And then he gave us so vivid a description of life on a battle cruiser that the very room seemed to sway like a ship and men and women clutched their chairs expecting to see the dishes go sliding across the table. As Bill warmed to his subject, he became the living embodiment of a warship. His fingers snapped above his head as the wireless crackled out a call to the fleet to join battle. Then his right arm took on the semblance of a big gun, and rose majestically from its cradle to angles of thirty degrees above the horizontal, where it remained steady, trained on the distant target. With equal dignity his left arm swung slowly up to its precise position. Bill, the battle cruiser was now ready for action fore and aft, and only waiting for Bill the commander to give the word to fire. Bill the commander was not a man to waste words. He gave the signal with a nod. There was a moment of dead silence while the message was flashed to the batteries and then the 15-inch projectile of Bill's right fist landed in the chairman's face. The blow from that constrained position was merely hard enough to be annoying. Promptly the chairman retaliated with a right hook that sank deeply into Bill's anatomy. Bill turned white and then green. "Torpedoed!" he gasped, lurched to port, staggered to starboard and went down in five seconds. But the white ensign of his pocket-handkerchief was still flying as he sank from sight.

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SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

BY CHARLES G. TRUMBULL,
Editor of The Sunday School Times.

THE STILLING OF THE STORM.
Sunday, Oct. 26.—Mark 4 : 35-41.

Golden Text—Who then is this, that even the wind and the sea obey Him? (Mark 4 : 41).

Christ always does what He sets out to do. If He starts, He arrives. If He promises, He keeps His promise; "for all the promises of God in Him are yea, and in Him Amen, unto the glory of God" (2 Cor. 1 : 20).

Therefore, when our Lord said to His disciples, at the end of that day of marvellous teaching in parables by the shore of the Sea of Galilee, "Let us pass over unto the other side," the question of going to the other side was no question at all. It takes more than "a great tempest in the sea" (Matt. 8 : 24) and "a great storm of wind" to defeat the purposes of the Son of God. Rather, nothing can defeat them. The disciples would have had more peace of mind, with the voyage just as tempestuous, if only they had remembered this.

"The other side is an expression sometimes used for Heaven. When one comes for the death of a Christian believer, Christ says to him, "Let us pass over unto the other side," and that word gloriously settles it. The believer will get there! The gates of Hades shall not prevail, when Christ says, "Let us pass."

There were others than the disciples who wanted to continue to be with Christ, for we read, "And there were also with Him other little ships." So they must have been delivered, too, when He quieted the storm that night. We can share in all the blessings if we stay "with Christ."

The three Gospel accounts of this storm tell us that it was a "great tempest in the sea," "a great storm of wind," and that "the ship was covered with the waves," "the waves beat into the ship, so that it was now full, (or filling)," or again, "they were filled with water and were in jeopardy." (Matt. 8 : 24; Mark 4 : 37; Luke 8 : 23). What follows reminds us of the passage in Isaiah 59 : 19 : "When the enemy shall come in like a flood, the Spirit of the Lord shall lift up a standard against him."

But Christ was asleep. More than once we have evidence of the natural weariness of His human body, after exhausting service for others. He was not only Son of God, but also Son of man. And His disciples, awakening Him, actually rebuked Him! They felt that the boat was going down, and they asked Him if He cared not that they perished. This is the Good Shepherd, who giveth His life for the sheep! It was not the only time that the disciples misjudged their Lord. The fact that they could actually do so showed how greatly they needed a Saviour. They were not perishing, they only thought they were. Many a time have God's children cried out to Him with the same unbelieving rebuke, while all the time they were safe in His keeping.

Two rebukes now follow, from the lips of the Lord. First, He "rebuked the wind." Why is the word "rebuke" used here, as though to imply some moral wrong on the part of the wind? Or is it only a figure of speech? We know that Satan is the "prince of the power of the air" (Eph. 2 : 2); we know also that Satan has raised Christ since before the foundation of the world, and that he made many an attempt upon Christ's earthly life. It is not an unreasonable suggestion, therefore, made by some Bible commentators, that this was an attack upon Christ's life by His great adversary. Michael, the archangel, one time said to Satan, "The Lord rebuke thee" (Jude 9); and our Lord's word to the wind may have been a direct rebuke to Satan.

To the sea, raging from the tempest, Christ said: "Peace, be still." And the wind ceased, and there was a great calm. Remembering what we saw in last week's lesson that "the sea in Scripture sometimes stands for the populace, the mere unorganized mass of mankind," is there a parable-prophecy in action here, looking forward to the time when the King of kings and Lord of lords shall bring permanent peace to mankind as He administers the last and eternal rebuke to Satan? (Rev. 20 : 10; 21 : 1-4).

After having manifested to His disciples the safety that was theirs all the time because Christ was on board, He turned and rebuked them. It would be a profitable bit of study to note every rebuke uttered by our Lord during His earthly lifetime, and ask ourselves what particular lesson each rebuke may have for us. Here the rebuke was because of their unbelief. "Where is your faith?" is the question in Luke, and in Mark, "Why are ye so fearful? How is it that ye have no faith?"

Fear and faith cannot go together. If we are afraid it is because we are not trusting God. If we trust Him, we cannot be afraid.

The amazed, frightened question of the disciples to one another, "What manner of man is this?" shows that they did not yet know who Christ was and is. This incident occurred about midway in His years of public ministry; the great confession of the Deity of Christ did not come until a year later.

The answer to the disciples' question, "What manner of man is this, that even the wind and the sea obey him?" is given in Philippians 2 : 9-11 : "Wherefore God also hath highly exalted Him and given Him a name which is above every name; that at the name of Jesus every knee shall bow, of things in heaven and things in earth, and things under the earth; and that every tongue should confess that Jesus Christ is Lord, to the glory of God the Father."

Shop Window Wit.

Americans are well-known as a nation of advertising experts.

"I look down in the mouth, and am happy."

This ingenious paradox, which is displayed prominently outside a dentist's consulting-room, is only one of many witty and ornate trade-signs.

On a bootmaker's window, for example, is found the pointed question: "Don't you wish you were in my shoes?" while outside a builder's establishment is inscribed: "I send innocent mer. to the 'scaffold'."

Witty, too, is this frank announcement, which graces a solicitor's office in a provincial town: "I study the law—and the profits." But the undertaker who stated: "There are no complaints from my customers," had apparently mistaken his vocation.—Answers.

Fault Finder Loses Out.

Uncle Ab says: The man who always finds fault with the weather won't have any real indigestion, when he needs it for a cause that he can do something about.

Explaining a Term.

It is presumed he is called the ultimate consumer because he is the last man to get anything.—Philadelphia North American.

DOMINION OF CANADA VICTORY LOAN BONDS

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THE BANK OF MONTREAL, under authority of the Minister of Finance, is prepared to redeem the above bonds in full at maturity, without charge, at any of its Branches in Canada.

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SCHOOL CHILDREN AND THEIR HEALTH

Hurrah! school has opened again! And what of the health of the boysh and girls? "Keep a child robust and sound in body until he is eighteen" say medical experts, "and the chances are he will remain so throughout life." How important then that its health should be maintained. A word to Parents. Are your children free from frequent colds, enlarged tonsils, adenoids, decaying teeth? These are serious hindrances to their health. Are they free from eyestrain? Do they hear well? Are they sound in body and limb? If not, then in school they lose a golden opportunity.

"Canada a Land of Opportunities?" we say, and yet in this land we are breeding a race that shows appalling signs of deterioration? Statistics show an average of one physical defect for each school child in the United States. Fully twenty-five per cent. of the nation's children are below par. How is it with Canada? Are your children under-weight? Being underweight does not necessarily mean being undernourished. Our schools aim at wholesome citizenship, and whether your boy goes into professional life or industrial life, sound health is essential to his success. What can we do to make our boys and girls fit for the work if life?

Medical examinatin in the school is not a fad. It is based on medical research and confirmed by experience. When the war broke out, over twenty-five per cent. of our boys were physically unfit. We must not repeat that neglect to the rising generation. Systematic medical supervision must be given to children during the years they are at school. Careful medical examination should be given every child entering the school and the mother should be present to hear what the doctor has to say, and to turn to ask questions for the benefit of the child. Especially so, in the case of non-Anglo-saxon mothers. Thus they will come to understand that the school doctor is trying to help their child. And the mothers' intelligent co-operation is needed to attain the best results.

During school age there are adenoids and diseased tonsils to be watched. There are ear-aches and eye-strains to be relieved, and teeth to be treated. There are skin and scalp diseases, spinal curve and weak feet, all of which can be helped and corrected if treated in time. A delicate child is no longer looked upon with pride. In-so-far as we are eager to be healthy, ashamed to be unhealthy, we are awake to the ideal of our generatin.

WHAT OF THE CHILD'S TEETH? If teeth are lost, food cannot be chewed, if they are defective, disease germs lodge in them, if teeth and gums are diseased, poison invades the system and undermines the health. The child suffers pain, and no one can be at his best mentally or physically while suffering.

WHAT OF YOUR CHILD'S SIGHT AND HEARING? Eyestrain or defective vision may cause irritability, headaches, nausea, loss of appetite, not infrequently blindness. And deafness, starting with adenoids, wax or a cold, may become impossible to remedy, unles staken at the beginning. Is your child to be under a handicap? Eye and ear defects are in a large measure responsible for inattentiveness, bad discipline and failure to be promoted.

It all comes to this. We consider our reputation lost if our young people come from our schools illiterate. Is our reputation secure if they come from our schools with needless physical defects and handicaps: Let every by and girl in Canada be given a chance to be physically strong.

Letter 56 Years on the Way.

An English newspaper reports the recent delivery of a letter containing a key which reached its destination 56 years after it was mailed.

M. Bergamin, Spanish minister of finances, declared recently that he had just received a letter containing certification of the public accounts of Gerone province and addressed to a director general of accounts who was removed from office February 1, 1896.

It had taken this letter 56 years and eight months to reach its destination. It contained a statement of the funds at that time in the provincial treasury.

Woman Preacher in English Town.

The little English town of Sunningdale is thoroughly up to date, for it now has a woman as vice minister of its congregational church. She is Miss Norah Thompson, who has made a name for herself as an excellent preacher. She has officiated at marriages, christenings and funerals and is fully qualified for every form of

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Prince of Wales' "Little Grey Home in the West."

THE PRINCE'S THOROUGHBRED SHEEP

After having enjoyed about as much privacy as the proverbial goldfish during the international polo games near New York, the Prince of Wales retired to the quiet and seclusion of his Canadian "Little Grey Home in the West," 25 miles from High River, Alberta, a station on the Canadian Pacific, to rest for a few days, recreate and work far from curious crowds, reporters, still photographers and "movie" men. It is very pleasant, no doubt, to be the most popular young man in the world, but about once a year the rolling hills and rich prairie land of his "E. P. Ranch" call the Prince of Wales, Baron Renfrew or "Davy Windsor," as they refer to H.R.H. in Alberta, back to the land.

The prince is a real farmer and rancher, and is honestly endeavoring to improve the breed of horses, sheep and cattle in Western Canada. His pure-bred, imported animals and their offspring have won many prizes in competition at live stock shows in Western Canada, not because they were from the royal ranch, but because they were the very best exhibited. Since he bought his 4,000 acre ranch in Alberta in 1919, we call him, 'regular feller,"

the prince has been sending to it the best stock he could secure in Great Britain, and every year he sells at auction the surplus animals for the benefit of live stock breeders in the western provinces. The Earl of Minto, who has a big ranch near-by, does the same thing. Also, King George loans the prince some of his best animals for the stud.

"He's a neighborly kid," said one of the members of the Alberta Shorthorn Breeders' Association. "When he comes out here we don't chase him as they do in other places. We just let him ride, and next thing you know he has all of us neighbors in as his guests, and meets us just as a neighbor. He wants to meet all the ranchers who are his neighbors, and there isn't a thing about ranching he doesn't want to know. His ranch is no fad. He is running it for the benefit of Canada first, and second for the purpose of making the "E. P. Ranch" a business venture, just as any level-headed man would do. When he is on the ranch he wears a 'ten gallon hat,' the same as all of the cowboys, and he does his work daily like any other ranch hand. 'Regular feller,' that's what

all of them, apparently, are in regions of former volcanic activity, and it is the belief of some students of the subject that chemical reactions below the surface are a second source of the phenomena. One place where such a cause is thought to have produced mud volcanoes is in the delta of the Colorado river, just south of the California line, where numbers of the little beehive-like mud mounds occur; and perhaps those of the Russian Crimea are of similar origin. Sometimes the little Etnas of mud are associated with petroleum and asphalt deposits, as near Baku in Asia and the island of Trinidad off the northern shores of South America.

Safety Pins Long in Use.

Safety pins can be traced back to the Fifteenth century B. C., when pins were made of bone and bent over, shaped like the modern safety pins. Many of them have been found in graves of that period. Since then the safety pin has passed through many changes and been made of various metals. An average of 1,000,000 gross of safety pins are now manufactured yearly.

Chairs of Historic Interest.

There is still kept in the museum at Dorchester, England, the judge's chair —a very substantial article—used by Jeffreys at the assize at which he tried the Monmouth rebels after Sedgemoor, in 1685; and in Moreton-in-the-Marsh may be seen the elaborately upholstered chair and footstool used by Charles I at his trial. They are kept in a glass case.

MUD VOLCANOES.

Progeny of Lava and Ash-emitting Volcanoes.

The recent discovery that a huge mud geyser or mud volcano has developed the last few years in the bottom of the enormous crater of Katmai in the peninsula of Alaska raises the question of the status of these conspicuous relatives of ordinary volcanoes. A bulletin from the National Geographic Society describing this formation says:

Mud volcanoes and geysers are in most cases progeny of lava and ash-emitting volcanoes—second and third generation offspring, as it were, of a patriarch whose strain is losing its virility. The old lava flows near the surface solidify, choke off the possibilities of major eruptions for a time at least, leaving, perhaps, only little crevices through which stream gases erated farther down my push upward in numerous jets.

If these vents pass through rock, ordinary fumaroles or steaming cracks are formed on the surface. But if the steam passes through clay or shale or fine volcanic dust on its way to the surface these will absorb moisture, become creamy mud, and tend to flow into the crevice. The steam pressure pushes the mud upward and eventually throws it out of the vent at the surface mercenoi less violently. In the course of time the mud thrust out at the surface builds up a cone, large or small according to the volume of steam and mud.

Most of the world's mud volcanoes are little fellows, less than a yard high; and the aggregate number is great, since they occur in many places on the various continents. Not

TELESCOPE TELLS THE TIME.

Wonders of the World's Most Famous Observatory.

For the reason that it is governed by rules forbidding admittance to any but astronomers and privileged visitors, Greenwich Observatory, which may soon be moved into more suitable surroundings, is at once the most famous and the least known institution of its kind in the world.

Greenwich Observatory is a monument to one of the few really wise actions of Charles II. Founded by him in 1675, for "the promotion of astronomy and navigation," it was not until many years had elapsed that the public as a whole appreciated its usefulness.

A good illustration of the ignorance that prevailed was shown by the fact that when, at the time of Queen Victoria's accession, Sir George Airy was appointed Astronomer Royal, or Astronomical Observator, as the holder of the position was formerly known, he was inundated by letters addressed to "The Astrologer Royal," the writers of which begged him to cast their horoscopes, tell their fortunes, and so on.

Incidentally, the Astronomer Royal was also festered by cranks who sought to impress him with their theories of the earth's flatness and other far-fetched ideas. This class of letter was put away in pigeon-holes, with sub-divisions for "earth-flatteners," "earth-squarers," and the rest, the whole collection being labelled "Insanity!"

Not everyone knows how Greenwich Mean Time is determined, although there is a widely-held belief that the sun is closely associated with the calculations. But the sun is by no means the safest of guides, being itself uncertain in its movements. At one season it may be ten minutes slow, while at another it may be ahead of correct time.

A clock is kept at Greenwich in what is known as the Transit Room by means of a giant telescope, which can be focused on any part of the heavens when a particular star is due to cross the Greenwich meridian, or, to be more precise, at exactly when the part of the earth turning on its axis brings the telescope in alignment with the star.

This checking process goes on constantly, the result being sent out hourly all over the country. Errors are corrected just before 10 a.m. and 1 p.m., but what mistakes there are seldom exceed two-tenths of a second—a remarkable testimony to the efficiency of the staff and the instruments.

Every day the Greenwich clock is adjusted to mark accurate time, and it is this clock which now ticks on the home of every wireless listener.

Before the minute of time to be recorded, the preceding five seconds are heard as clicks; the time signal itself, falling on the exact zero, is heard as a louder click than the others. These clicks are the result of the escape wheel, which is permitted to touch a spring with six successive teeth. This makes an electrical contact, which transmits a current direct to the London broadcasting station's aerial. The personal factor is thereby entirely eliminated.

One of the most curious tasks for which the official astronomers are responsible consists of "baking" the chronometers used in the ships. Every chronometer is tested at the Observatory, those required on extended cruises having climates being kept apart for two months in an oven heated to a temperature of 90 degrees.

Inspection of the Observatory registers, in which are entries relating to the testing of chronometers over many years, sheds sidelights on more than one famous episode. On one page, for instance, you may see particulars of several chronometers bought in 1842 by the side of which appears the note, "Lost in wreck of Birkenhead."

The chronometer issued to Sir John Franklin for his ill-fated trip to the Far Northwest is recorded, with the endorsement that it was lost on the journey.

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THE DAILY NEWSPAPER

SATISFYING THE PEOPLE'S PASSION FOR NEWS.

English Idea of Newspaper Suggested by Venetian Gazettes—First Weekly Appeared on May 23, 1622—First English Daily Successfully Started March 11, 1702.

Without attempting to argue the question as to whether China issued a newspaper prior to the Roman diurnal, says Tit-Bits, there is a good case in favor of the contention that the English idea of a newspaper was suggested by the Venetian gazettes.

These writings were displayed in the galleries and public places of Venice, a coin called gazetta being paid by any who desired to peruse the contents. Both "journal" and "gazette," so frequently used as the second words in newspaper titles, are lineal descendants of the Roman and Venetian prototypes of our great daily newspapers.

In the opening years of the seventeenth century aristocrats, whenever they left town for their country seats, took care to be informed as to current happenings.

Their correspondents were mostly men about town—frequently retired officers—whose duty it was to send a news letter at regular intervals to their subscribers.

Peers usually had their own "specials," who were generally well paid. Benches of county magistrates and groups of men would join together to share the cost of a letter between them.

A number of these documents have been preserved, and bear evidence of much handiling—betokening keen interest in their contents. Macaulay says that the writers must have gone from one coffee-room to another gathering up the chit-chat of the day.

Such communications were practically the only source from which dwellers in the larger provincial towns could obtain information as to the social, political, and Court life of the metropolis.

It was Nathaniel Butler, a London stationer, who first conceived the idea of a printed letter. He must have been a very successful gatherer of news, with a large number of clients. As a labor-saving device he determined to dwell, arrange, and print his letter on a sheet, to be issued on a fixed day in the week.

The first number appeared on May 23rd, 1632, as the "Weekly News from Italy, Germany, etc." It was an instant success, securing a big circulation among people who were delighted at having information as to current events first-hand, instead of being dependent on gossip, passing travellers, or the letters of a manuscript letter after it had been published and mutilated until almost undecipherable.

On September 25th, Butler and a partner named Shefford published a quarto sheet entitled "Newes from Most Parts of Christendom." This was the original English newspaper—the sheets being numbered consecutively as issued. There is no complete set extant.

The fashion being set, there were numerous imitators, and Ben Jonson's "Staple of News," which was played in 1625, satirized the fashion and poked fun at Butler.

The Long Parliament may claim to have been the authors of the first report of the proceedings in Parliament, for it was by its order that the Grand Remonstrance was printed in November, 1641, and cried in the streets.

During the Civil War both Cavaliers and Puritans issued a number of newspapers—indeed, 170 weeklies were started in London between 1642-1649 — mostly called "Mercuries."

Advertisements began to appear. Amongst announcements of books, rewards for recovery of lost property, list of coaching time-tables, in the "Intelligencer" and the "Mercurius Politicus" the "News."

He had a cynical contempt for the public. He told them all newspapers were bad, as tending to make the populace "too familiar with the actions and counsels of their superiors," but he would seek to bring them to reason by judicious guidance.

In 1681 he began the "Observer," which served as a model for succeeding newspapers. It was a rival named Williamson who induced Charles (in 1665) to let him start the "Oxford Gazette" as the only official paper. This killed the "Intelligencer." Williamson's paper afterwards changed its title to the "London Gazette," which has continued to the present time.

An attempt to run a daily newspaper was made in 1695—with the "Post Boy." It had a very brief existence, and not until March 11th, 1702, was the first daily newspaper successfully launched.

This was the "Daily Courant," which appeared three days after the accession of Queen Anne. It was printed on one side only of a sheet measuring four inches by eight inches. The blank side was utilized by persons in London for the purpose of writing to their friends in the country, and so combining a personal with a news letter.

Wales' Capital.

Wales has completed her task of selecting her capital. Every council in the Principality was asked to nominate a town, and of 199 authorities, 178 responded. The replies show an overwhelming feeling in favor of Cardiff, which was nominated by Councils representing nearly half the population of Wales. The final figures were: Cardiff, 1,822; 198; Swansea, 271,938; Carnarvon, 258,795; Wrexham, 116,277; Aberystwyth, 82,671; Carmathen, 42,048; Llandrindod Wells, 19,174.

Come to—

McIntosh Bros.

Friday and Saturday!

Great 2 Days' Sale in every Department

We cannot begin to tell you in this small space the many savings we are offering.

The prices put on the different items are for Friday and Saturday only. Be sure you come and look them over.

LADIES' FLANNELETTE NIGHT GOWNS

Long sleeves, V neck, high neck or square neck. Special for Friday and Saturday each $1.19

LADIES' SILK AND WOOL HOSE

These Hose are of fine quality and all first quality in all the leading shades. Special for Friday and Saturday, per pair ..... .95

LADIES' CHAMOISETTE GLOVES

Just an ideal glove for everyday wear. We are putting a limited quantity on the counters for Friday and Saturday at per pair ..... .49

ALL WOOL SERGE

45 in. wide, in Navy, Copen, Black and Cadet. This will make ideal dresses and stand hard wear. Special for Friday and Saturday, per yard ..... .73

DRESS FLANNEL

54 in. wide in Grey, Navy, Sand, Doe, Powder Blue, Marigold, Penecock and Red. Special for Friday and Saturday, per yard $1.49

MEN'S SWEATER COATS

In Brown and Fawn, all wool, sizes 36 to 44. There are only ten coats in the lot. Special for Friday and Saturday $3.50

MEN'S HEAVY WORK SOCKS

All wool in Grey mixture, a regular 50c. hose. We will sell 5 dozen on Friday and Saturday at ..... 3 PAIRS FOR $1.00

CASTILE SOAP

We will place on our tables 100 cakes of Castile Soap 10 oz. bars, 72 per cent. pure, Friday and Saturday only ..... 2 FOR .25

CUPS AND SAUCERS

Just arrived, a shipment of English Cups and Saucers with a blue flower, also a gold grape pattern. We will give you on Friday and Saturday, 7 Cups and Saucers for $1.00

We have a few more pairs of 12-4 size Flannelette Blankets in White and Grey, that we will sell Friday and Saturday at per pair $2.49

'PHONE 359 McINTOSH BROS. NAPANEE BRANCH

A Market In Monkeys.

Quite a considerable trade is done in monkeys in Liverpool and round the London Docks.

In these days the great majority of the creatures arrive in sailing vessels, of which there are still quite a number, because the big liners are usually too busy to take notice of such articles of commerce.

The length of the passage, too, has often the advantage of acclimatizing the little creatures before they arrive. On a vessel reaching the docks, the animals are sold to Italian or Jewish dealers at prices varying from fifteen shillings to five pounds. The variations in the prices are due to the different states of health in which the monkeys arrive.

While in the hands of middlemen or brokers the little animals do not, as a rule, have a bad time of it. They are carefully fed and kept very warm, and usually have plenty of room to romp about, or fight, which they do continually. The broker has numerous "assistants," chiefly among the Italian ice-cream or organ-grinder fraternity.

When he has found his customer the broker often has to receive payment by instalments, and of course makes a correspondingly high profit, charging for a small "Jacko" at least twenty-five shillings. Very often the poor little beasts die from consumption, their great enemy in these northern latitudes, before the payments are complete; and it is not uncommon for an organ-grinder to be paying for a dead and a living animal at the same time.

On the whole, the "puss," as they are known in the trade, are well-treated, and if it were not for our changeable climate they would live a decidedly happy life.

Worked Both Ways.

Amusing stories are not told every day in the British House of Commons, but Mr. Gavan Duffy, K.C., for Whitehaven, considerably brightened proceedings during a recent debate by recalling the experience of an old Irish colonel in India who had a native servant with a very long and unpronounceable name.

The colonel decided that this name was too much for him and would have to be abolished, but this difficulty was to make the native agree to this. So, acting on an idea, he took the native to a pond and dipped him in. When he brought him out the colonel said:

"Now your name is Mick and you will eat no more meat on Friday."

The very next Friday he saw Mick eating a big chunk of meat and demanded an explanation.

"It's all right, colonel," replied the native with a solemn face, "this no meat. Me dip it in pond and call it fish."

New Perch for the Fisherman.

A new sport followed to some extent along the Pacific coast is that of fishing from airships of the "Blimp" type. The fishermen ascend to a height where they can readily spot a school of fish and then they descend and drift along with the fish. Hovering over the water they pull in the fish as fast as they can throw over their lines.

Origin of Manitoba.

The name Manitoba sprang from the union of two Indian words, Manito (the Great Spirit), and Waba (the "narrows" of the lake). This strait was a sacred place to the Crees and Saulteurs, who called them "Manito-Waba," or the "Great Spirit's Narrows."

The Oddfellows

Greater antiquity is claimed for the order of Oddfellows, of which Princess Mary has just been initiated a member, than any other friendly society.

Tradition ascribes its origin to Titus, the Roman emperor, who is said to have presented the first charter to the early workers of the order of gold. Most authorities, however, agree that the society cannot be traced back farther than about the middle of the eighteenth century, when a lodge was founded in London under the name of Loyal Aristarcus, although the movement had been mentioned earlier in the writings of Daniel Defoe. The first lodge meeting was at the Oakley Arms, in Southwark, and out of it there has grown the vast Oddfellows' organization that to-day embraces the world.

The early lodges were supported by penny subscriptions, which went to the assistance of needy members. If a member was out of work he was given a card and money with which to reach the next lodge, and he travelled in this way from lodge to lodge until employment was found. Gradually the different lodges developed a ritual peculiar to them all, until finally they became known as the Patriotic Order.

Towards the beginning of the nineteenth century numbers of the lodges were dispersed by the Government, on the ground that their objects were conditions in principle. Then, in 1813, there was formed what was known as the Independent Order of Oddfellows, Manchester Unity, which rapidly overshadowed all other movements of the kind. The supposed founder of the Manchester Unity, Mr. Robert Naylor, was followed to his grave in 1841 by nearly twelve thousand mourners.

By this time Government opposition was withdrawn, to be succeeded by the attacks of the clergy, who disliked the society's secrecy and ceremonial, as well as the anti-temperance attitude of many of the members. What was known as "wet rent," by which lodges were given free accommodation in public-houses for their meetings, in return for which they bought all their drink there, was in vogue for years and led to much criticism. Such abuses have long been swept away, the idea animating the movement being one of fellowship and service. This spirit was admirably demonstrated in the American Civil War, when, in spite of the hostility between North and South, all the lodges remained faithful to their vows.

Oddfellowship has to its credit many benevolent actions of far-reaching effect. Its members have subscribed hundreds of thousands of pounds to suffering people, one of its most notable achievements being the raising of £10,000 in record time for the assistance of victims of the great Lancashire cotton famine. Oddfellows also contributed largely towards the relief of sufferers in the recent Japanese earthquake.

Why the members should be called Oddfellows has never been determined satisfactorily. Originally it was thought that the name was derived from "hod fellows," meaning masons' laborers, another theory being that they were formerly known as "God's fellows." A number of other explanations have been advanced, the most plausible being that those who in the early days of the society's development sought unity among all classes and creeds were looked upon as odd persons; hence the term Oddfellows.

The society's principles are to-day upheld in practically every country, the order having supporters in every European nation, as well as in America, Africa, and Asia, with lodges in such remote spots as Fiji, the Hawaiian Islands, the Barbados, and elsewhere.

"Specials" for Robert.

Few people are aware that Scotland Yard has a daily newspaper of its own, and that this most interesting Journal is both an afternoon and evening edition.

In its columns are recorded all the events of the day throughout the wide Metropolitan Police district, while numerous photographs of interest to the guardians of the law are also published. All details relating to recent crimes are given, and particulars of all men arrested during the day are circulated through the medium of this unique paper.

One section is devoted to stating the offences for which criminals are wanted, and all available news regarding "wanted" people is carefully set out.

This Scotland Yard newspaper is called "Police Information," and is of the utmost value to the authorities. It is read in every police station in and round London.

If a robbery, hold-up, or a murder is committed during the day, the evening edition of "Police Information" prints all the latest details regarding the crime, and within a few hours all the police in the Metropolitan area have read the particulars.

New Way of Judging Age

A moving picture man delights to tell of a proposal that happened while he was directing one of his latest plays. It seems that a young writer had laid his heart at the feet of the leading woman and had been coldly turned down.

"Perhaps it's best, after all," he remarked acidly. "After all, a man of 25 would soon tire of a woman who hovers around 32."

"But I'm not that old," gasped the woman; "whatever led you to believe that I'm 32?"

"Well, perhaps you're not," admitted the young man, "but it certainly struck me that you must be somewhere near the freezing point."

Science and Rods.

At many interest those who are interested in the witch hazel, or willow as a means of locating water to know that studies of magical rods are as old as the history of the world. Moses had such a rod with which he produced water for his famished nation, but even before this time such stories have been recorded. Scientists have given a great deal of attention to this subject. The sum of their opinion seems to have been that divining rod exhibitions were a deliberate and clever hoax. As the principles of electro magnetism and gravity came to be recognized, there appeared numerous scientists in Europe and America who attributed the action of divining rods to electrical currents transmitted from the ground through the body and inducing magnetic attraction between the rod and the ground. Systematic magnetic observations and a complete magnetic survey of the earth have been carried on under the direction of the Carnegie Institution of Washington without disclosing the existence of any such currents which would give an indication of underground conditions.

WILSON'S - HARDWARE

Preserving-Time Necessities

—Enamel Preserving Kettles.
—Aluminum Preserving Kettles.
—Crown and Perfect Seal Fruit Jars.
—Dominion White Rubber Rings.
—Metal Screw Tops.
—Large Aluminum and Enamel Preserving Spoons.
—Stainless Steel Paring Knives.

D. B. WILSON

'Phone 138.

F. C. MARTIN & SON

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Parlors and Office : Dundas St., Napanee

A motor ambulance has been purchased and is available when required, day or night.

Office Telephone No. 74.
Residence Telephone No. 375

F. C. MARTIN & SON.

Successors to Hambly & Ming.

24-6m

CLEAN-UP

This is the proper season for a general clean-up.
Destroy all rubbish which might cause fires.
Also be sure

YOUR INSURANCE

is ample and in a reliable company.
Consult

HARSHAW & SON
Insurance Agents,
NAPANEE, ONT.

We are now comfortably located in our

NEW STAND ON EAST ST

where we are fully equipped to repair all makes of Automobile Starting, Lighting, and Ignition Systems.
We repair all makes of Batteries.
SPECIAL TO FORD OWNERS—If your generator is burned out we will exchange your old one for a re-built generator (guaranteed for ninety days) for $10.

We are distributors for Napanee and district for the complete line of Fuller products :
Sparta Automobile Batteries.
Radio Block Type A & B Batteries.
Sparta Loud Speakers and Radio Panels.

Headquarters for

RADIO SETS AND SUPPLIES

See our stock before buying elsewhere.

Auto Electric Service Station

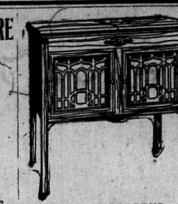
E. F. SMITH,

EAST STREET, - NAPANEE.

Phone 370 ; Residence 264.

Official Examiner for Chauffeur's Licenses.

Bring your own can and try DAVY & ALLISON'S special Fly Oil at 75c. per gallon, will not burn or blister.



PIANOS, PHONOGRAPHS, SINGER SEWING MACHINES

1 good slightly used Piano.
1 Radio Set, taken in on a Gerhard-Heintzman Phonograph.
1 Ford Coach, slightly used.
See the special Phonograph, $85.

H. L. VANLUVEN

CAMDEN EAST.

The past week has been very fine weather for the farmers digging their potatoes and their roots.

Miss Myrtle Leishman, Kingston, spent last week with her aunt, Mrs. S. Brien, and Mr. Brien.

Mr. W. Pine, of Chatham, is renewing her acquaintance with the sisters of Mr. J. W. Galbraith and Mr. Alfred Galbraith.

The October meeting of the Mission Circle was postponed till Friday evening, Oct. 17th, at 8 o'clock, when Rev. Roy McWilliams, returned missionary from Japan, gave a lecture on Japan, illustrated by lantern slides.

Mrs. S. Greenway spent last week with her old friends in the village at different homes, calling and visiting.

Mrs. Sherlock spent a couple of days last week in Napanee with her nieces, Mrs. Burritt, and Mrs. McNaughton.

Mr. and Mrs. Sexsmith, of Selby, spent last week-end with her daughter, Mrs. D. K. Saul, and family, River Road.

Mrs. B. D. Amey entertained Mrs. Sherlock and Mrs. Williams to tea on Tuesday afternoon last in honor of her mother, Mrs. Bell, of Desmond. The two ladies were school-mates in their younger days.

Mr. Fred Snider is spending a few days at Golebrook East with sister, Mrs. Manly Hartman and family.

Mr. Ted Alore is moving into Mr. F. Snider's house for the winter.

VanLuven

LISTEN!

Hear the wonderful things that fill the air about our Coal.

$14.50 per Ton is our price.

You will say you couldn't ask for anything better at any price.

—Since 1886—

"Tune In" on 92.

Vine's Electric Shop

Have that National Grate installed in your mantle, for cool night and mornings have arrived. Then for the bedroom purchase a Cosy Glow Heater, or Durable Heater, and they will do the trick to give you comfort.

We are prepared to take orders for Strumberg Carlson, Federal, or in fact any of the good Radio Machines on the market.

Burgess Batteries of all styles.
Fuller Block Batteries.
W. D. 12 and U. V. 201 Tubes.
Distributor for the well-known Westinghouse Radiolas and equipment.
C. G. Electric Motors.
C. G. Electric Farm Lighting Plants.
Lamps, Shades, Fixtures, Washing Machines, Ranges, Irons, Toasters, Curling Tongs, Vacuum Cleaners.
House wiring a specialty.
Repairs promptly done.

Vine's Electric Shop

Market Square, Napanee

'Phone 367.

Dr. Ralph Aylesworth

Eye Specialist, of Trenton

Will be in his office, at Wallace's Drug Store, EACH SATURDAY.

Make your appointments early.

Hours : 9 a.m. till 5 p.m.

Write, 'phone or call.

Feed Grinding

On Saturday, Oct. 11th

we opened the well-known

WATER POWER MILLS AT MILLHAVEN

for Custom Grinding.

M. R. MIDMER.

GRACE METH. CHURCH

A. J. TERRILL, B.A., B.D., Pastor.

Public Worship at 10.30 a.m., and 7 p.m. Rev. J. F. Mears will preach.
9.30—Class meeting
11.45—Sunday School and Adult Classes.
Monday, 8 p.m.—League service.
Wednesday, 7.45—Prayer and praise.
On Thursday, Oct. 23rd, let everyone vote dry, work hard, pray earnestly.

Girls' Basketball Games.

The final match in the Bay of Quinte League will be held in the Armouries on Saturday, Oct. 25th, at 3 p.m. Trenton versus Napanee. Admission 15c.

Plough Shares.

Any kind you want ; any number you want. Also repairs for Perrin, Wilkinson and Percival plows. Wagons and plows for sale at

THE M. B. MILLS CO.
47-tf 'Phone 103.

The Market Grocery.

For a delicious, refreshing cup of tea or coffee, try Thompson's Standard blends. The increasing number of loaves of the best bread is made from Ogilvie's flour. We sell this flour with a guarantee. Save money on groceries by buying the best.

THOMPSON BROS.

Just to Remind You.

That you may consult Dr. Ray, Specialist, of Belleville, any Friday afternoon, at Campbell House, Napanee, and in doing so you will have at your service the skill and experience of one, whose diagnosis and treatment of obscure errors of vision has been confirmer by eminent specialists, including the Mayo Bros. Clinics.

Auction Sale.

S. W. Clark, Auctioneer, will sell under mortgage Sale proceedings, subject to Reserve Bid, at the Tilley Tow Hotel, Bath, at 1 p.m., Monday, October 27th, 1924, one acre of land situate at Millhaven, upon which are erected a frame one and one-half storey dwelling and outbuildings. For conditions of sale apply to C. M. Wilson. 46-b

Horticultural Society.

The Horticultural Society has this year imported, direct from Holland, a large consignment of the famous Darwin tulips, which are now being distributed among all who wish to become members of the Society. All who desire to take advantage of this rare opportunity should apply for membership at once as the supply is limited.

Youth Goes to Industrial School.

The fourteen-year-old Tamworth boy, who pleaded guilty to a charge of theft of a motor car during Tweed fair, and who has been on remand at the Detention Quarters of the Children's Aid Society, Belleville, since his arrest by provincial officers, was on Tuesday sentenced to Victoria Industrial School until he is twenty-one years of age.

Struck by Car.

On Saturday evening, Mr. A. E. Paul met with a serious accident while going home from business. He was given a ride home by Mr. R. Bretton and alighted from the car opposite his own residence on the right hand side of the road. A car driven by Mr. Morley Gault was coming down the hill and Mr. Paul evidently thought he had time to cross the road ahead of it. The car struck Mr. Paul and threw him into the ditch some distance away. He was badly shaken up and had a number of bad cuts on his face and head. He was unconscious for some time, but is considerably better.

Auction Sale.

At the residence of A. R. Clark, Palace Road, on Saturday, October 25th, at 1 o'clock sharp, Household furniture, carpets, etc., including Walnut bedroom suite, bedroom suites, buffet, dining table, chairs, etc. Also quantity of wedding ; spring wagon, shafts and poles ; one-horse sleigh, 3 corn scufflers, buggy, set single harness, cook stove (Monarch Pedestal) ; number of vegetable crates holding about one bushel, berry crates and boxes, quantity of second-hand lumber, hot bed sash and glass, and other articles too numerous to mention. Terms : Cash on all amounts up to $10.00, over that amount nine months credit at six per cent.

H. W. GALLAGHER, Auctioneer.
A. R. CLARK, Owner.

46-b

Death of Prominent Citizen.

Mr. Fredrick Fraser Miller, who had been ill for a number of weeks, passed away on Saturday night. Some weeks ago both he and Mrs. Miller contracted typhoid fever and both were very ill. When the fever left Mr. Miller he did not rally and heart trouble was the immediate cause of his death. Mr. Miller had been a life-long resident of Napanee and was a warm supporter of every patriotic or charitable movement for the benefit of his native place. The Miller home was always wide open for charitable or church work. He was a civil engineer by profession and a staunch Liberal in politics. Besides his wife, who is yet unable to leave her bed, he leaves one daughter, Miss Diana, and three sons, Capt. Miles Miller and Messrs. Gordon and Arthur Miller, also one sister Mrs. W. C. Smith. The funeral will take place this (Tuesday) afternoon at 2 p.m. Services will be held in St. Mary Magdalene Church at 3 p.m., and interment in the family plot in Riverside cemetery.

Glass !

Bring your glass and putty orders to us. Glazing done at the store.

WILSON'S HARDWARE.

DRY CLEANING

No matter how spotted or soiled your garment is, bring it here and let us tell you what can be done with it.

A complete Cleaning, Dyeing and Tailoring Service, capable of handling with care every problem of renovation and repairing.

JAMES WALTERS,
MERCHANT TAILOR.
NAPANEE

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Services of S. Mary Magdalene Church :
Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. A., Vicar.

8.00—Holy Communion.
10.30—Morning Prayer.
12.00—Sunday School.
7.00—Evening prayer.

ADOLPHUSTOWN CIRCUIT.

Rev. H. B. Neal, Pastor.

Sunday, October 26th.—

Adolphustown Anniversary and Thank-offering services in U.E.L. church, Adolphustown. Services at 11a.m. and 7.30 p.m.

Rev. F. E. Malott, D.D., of Bridge street Church, Belleville, will be the special preacher of the day.

All other services on the circuit are withdrawn for the day and the friends are cordially invited to worship at Adolphustown.

Repairs.

Winter weather requires good boots. Bring in those old ones and have them repaired.

SEYMOUR BROS.,
Near Post Office.

Selby Lady was Badly Burned.

Mrs. Jas. Gonu, of Selby, was badly burned early on Wednesday morning at the home of her son-in-law, Mr. F. Amey. On lighting her lamp the head of the match flew into the curtains, which were instantly enflamed. Mr. and Mrs. Amey arrived in time to rescue her and put out the fire. Mrs. Gonu is very badly burned, but all hope for her speedy recovery.

Bazaar at Tamworth.

The big bazaar in aid of the Church of the Annunciation at Chippewa Enterprise, which was held on Tuesday and Wednesday of last week, was a great success, with large crowds in attendance each evening. The community hall, in which the bazaar and entertainment was held, was crowded to capacity with numerous visitors from the surrounding district and from Kingston. An excellent chicken supper was served on Wednesday evening, and all the booths, which were attractively decorated, were well patronized.

Auction Sale.

H. W. Gallagher will sell for Pat. McLaughlin, at his farm, lot 16, concession 3, township of Richmond, on Wednesday, November 5th, 1924, all his farm stock, implements, household furniture and farm, five horses, four cows, pigs, binder, mower, horse-rake, wagons, roller, fanning mill, plows, harrow and all the usual implements found on a farm, cook stove, coal stove, wood burners, sideboards, bedsteads, dressers, chairs, tables and other household furniture, crop of corn off three acres, straw, timothy hay, clover hay, oats, also the eighty acre farm, with good buildings, well watered, and eight acres of wood. Usual terms.

Married at Moscow.

On Saturday, Oct. 11th, a pretty wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred A. Darling, when, at night noon, their second daughter was united in marriage to Calvin W., second son of Mr. and Mrs. Jilliam C. Allen, Moscow. The ceremony was conducted by Rev. Mr. McKenzie, and took place under an arch of evergreens and wedding bells, in the presence of the immediate relatives. The bride wore a frock of ivory brocaded French Charmeen, with the customary veil arranged in Juliet cap style, with shell headband, and carried a bouquet of Ophelia roses and baby's breath. She was given in marriage by her father, entering the drawing-room to the strains of "The Bridal Chorus," from Lohengrin played by Mrs. Clarence Allen, sister-in-law of the groom. Miss Carmeletta Darling was the bridesmaid, wearing pomdre blue georgette. The groom was supported by his twin brother, Alvin Allen. After the ceremony a dainty luncheon was served by Misses Mary and Kathleen Woodruff, cousins of the bride. Amid showers of confetti and good wishes, Mr. and Mrs. Allen left for Ottawa, Montreal, and other Eastern points, the bride travelling in a navy tricotine suit, with sand hat and shoes, and wore the gift of the groom, a grey squirrel choker. The bride was the recipient of many beautiful and useful gifts. The groom's gift to the bridesmaid was a white gold brooch set with pears, and to the best man a watch guard. Mr. and Mrs. Allen will reside at Moscow, where Mr. Allen is a prosperous young farmer.

VanLuven's Coal for the new house or the old home. $14.50 per ton—Why pay more ?

ST. ANDREWS' Annual CONCERT AND BAZAAR

CANTATA
Penitence, Pardon, Peace
Chorus—40 Voices.

Soloists :
Mrs. E. Burritt, Soprano
Mr. Marvin Rathbun, Baritone.
Miss Helen VanLuven, Pianist.
Organist and Conductor, Mrs. J. E. Madden.

ST. ANDREWS' CHURCH
THURSDAY, OCT. 30th

TRINITY METH. CHURCH

Rev. W. R. Tanton, Pastor.
10.30 a.m.—Morning service.
11.45 a.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7.00 p.m.—Evening service.
The pastor will preach at both services.

MAPLE LEAF INSTITUTE

The August meeting of M.L.I. was held at the home of Mrs. J. B. Sharpe, Bridge Road, on the last Thursday of the month. A large number of members and visitors were present. Opened by community singing, followed ode and prayer. Miss Kellar, A.T.C.M., rendered a beautiful piano solo. The great topic of the day was then fully dealt with by Mesdames Smith and Miller, of Napanee, namely Temperance, which surely should sink deep down in the hearts and minds of everyone present, which they explained in relation to our home town of Napanee until recent years. I'm sure none of us want to see such conditions existing now, to tempt our boys and girls that are coming up and will soon be stepping in and taking the places of many of us when we become older.

Mrs. Miller, of W.C.T.U., very clearly drew our attention to facts of other provinces which we are sure are very degrading in this present day and age.

A few social remarks were then given by Mrs. Buck, on request, of some new plans we were undertaking in our society.

A contest was put on of homemade candy. Many beautiful varieties were exhibited by the members, but our hostess, Mrs. Sharpe, carried off the prize, in Patience candy, which she very kindly treated the gathering to. Next and best of all came the roll call, answered by a humorous story, which was very laughable.

The hostess served a beautiful lunch, after which the meeting closed.

The September meeting of the M.L.I. was held the last Thursday at the home of Mrs. Fraser Lampkins, Shirley Valley. A good attendance of members were present, under the prevailing condition of busy season and etc. A sing song was heartily enjoyed by all, followed by ode and prayer. A very instructive and educative programme was prepared by our worthy President, in which each member took a part, the Temperance question. After this the roll call was responded to by some notable woman of the Bible. A demonstration was then given by our nurse member, Miss Hazel Cummings, K.G.H. of the changing of the sick bed. Sheets, pillow slips and towels were made for our room 17. Empire I in K. G.H. The laws of Ontario, pertaining to women and children, are being read by our members each month. The marriage law was dealt with at this meeting. Much was then enjoyed by three members, namely, Mesdames W. G. Fretts, J. Chambers, and S. Fraser. Next month's roll call will be answered by the exhibit of some sample of member's own hand-made lace.

TAMWORTH.

A meeting in the interests of the O. T. A. was held in the town hall on Tuesday night, under the auspices of the W.C.T.U. There was a large attendance and a very interesting address given by Mrs. Miller, dealing with the O.T.A. and government control.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Marlin have taken in a new boarder, a baby girl.

Mrs. L. P. Wells has returned home, having had a pleasant trip to Buffalo, Windsor and Toronto.

There is a bountiful crop of potatoes.

Mr. Thornton and daughter and Mr. and Mrs. Floyd motored to Kingston on Sunday last to hear the addresses of Rev. Mr. Howard in Sydenham street Methodist church.

Mr. Kellar intends moving to Napanee to work in Gibbard's factory.

"Christ shall give thee light." Eph. 5-14 ; "The Lord your God preach you." Deut. 4-5 ; "Covet earnestly the best gifts." 1 Cor. 12-31 ; "He led them forth by the right way, that they might go to a city of habitation." Ps. 107-7 ; "Be not afraid, neither be thou dismayed, for the Lord thy God is with thee." Joshua 1-9 ; "Be strong and of good courage." Jash. 1-9 ; "Happy is he that hath the God of Jacob for his help ; whose hope is in the Lord his God." Ps. 146-5.

A charge to keep I have,
A God to glorify,
A never dying soul to save
And fit it for the sky.

A BIBLE LOVER.

ST. ANDREWS' CONCERT AND BAZAAR

Sale of Fancy Work, Bags, Aprons, Candy, and Home-made Food.

Tea served from 4 to 6 p. m.

ST. ANDREWS' CHURCH
THURSDAY, OCT. 30th.

ASSURANCE

THOSE who employ us have assurance that they will receive the highest degree of service and satisfaction. We are equipped to handle a commission in a thorough manner. Our services are dependable and polite.

MASTERS-TIERNEY UNDERTAKERS
MOTOR EQUIPMENT
HALLPORTERS, WINDOW SHADES
Main Street

New Paint Shop.

Mr. Frank Markle has rented the Symington evaporator building at the foot of West street, and is fixing it up for a paint shop, for cars, motor boats, furniture, etc. Tops and trimmings of all kinds. Work guaranteed. 5-tf

When Winter Comes.

May it find you fully prepared Our fall lines of Steel Ranges, Quebec Cooks, and Quebec Heaters is now complete. Let us show them to you. Your stove taken in exchange. Stove pipes, elbows, and stove pipe enamel always in stock.

WILSON'S HARDWARE.

Glasses That Make It Clear

It's a medical fact that nothing dulls the comprehension as strained eyesight.

Lassitude and nervousness often are the result of impaired vision.—For that reason and others you should have your eyes examined here and properly fitted.

DR. LEWIS, Eyesight Specialist

Above Wallace's Drug Store.

Hours : 9.30 a.m. to 8 p.m. Every Day.

You Will Benefit if You Pay a Visit to DAVIS

Your Butcher

Starting Oct. 20th for a Selling Drive to celebrate our Third Anniversary

Just Six Days ! Let's Go !

Round Steak, per lb.	18c.	Try our Wiltshire Bacon (machine sliced)	
Sirloin Steak, per lb.	18c.		
T Bone Steak, per lb.	20c.	Home-made Sausage, per lb.	10c.
Hamburg Steak, 2 lbs. for.	25c.	Little Pork Sausage, per lb.	20c.
Prime Roasts of Beef, per lb.	12½c., 15c., 20c.	(These sausage are made on the premises from the recipes of an expert).	
Smoked Sides, Fresh Pork,		Corned Beef, Pickled Pork and Ox Tongues to order	
Smoked Backs, Spring Lamb,		Bologna Sausage, per lb.	15c.
Smoked Hams, Cooked Meats,		Choice Stew Beef, per lb.	10c.

The Best Quality
At the Lowest Price.

Bring Your Maturing Victory Bonds to Us.

HOLDERS of Victory Bonds maturing on November the first, next, will find it profitable and convenient to convert them at this Bank. We are prepared to pay cash for such bonds of any denomiuation, and suggest that for the sake of safety, simplicity and convenience you deposit your maturing bonds to your credit in a Standard Bank Savings Account.

BANKING FIFTY YEARS

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA
NAPANEE BRANCH—R. R. White, Manager
Branches also at Belleville, Camden East, Deseronto, Newburgh

ONTARIO BUSINESS COLLEGE

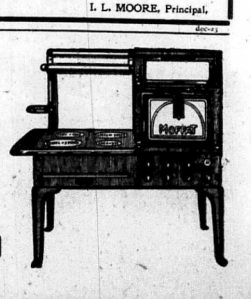
LIMITED
BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO
(57TH YEAR).

This College is famed throughout America for its thorough training in Bookkeeping, Accountancy, Stenography, Typewriting and all commercial subjects. Thousands of successful graduates prove the superiority of our training. Write for free prospectus.

I. L. MOORE, Principal.

dec-1

Moffat's Electric Range



Ask the Woman who uses one

Hydro Shop

WONDERLAND

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

One show only at 8 o'clock.

"THE WHITE SISTER," is a film which justifies motion pictures, highly artistic, the scenes are exquisite. Miss Gish enacts one of the beautifully memorable roles of screen history.

This is a 12-reel special.
Orchestra each night.
Admission, Adults 35c. and tax; Children 25c. and tax.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

Thomas H. Ince brought together what has been called "the incomparable comedy-quintette" for his new comedy special, "THE GALLOPING FISH," Louise Fazenda, Ford Sterling, Chester Conklin and Freddie.

Also a good comedy.

MONDAY and TUESDAY

Hazel Keener, the international winner of beauty prizes, appears in support of Fred Thomson, in his latest picture, "THE MASK OF LOPEZ," a Harry J. Brown production.

Also a special 2-reel comedy.

Watch for "If Winter Comes," and "The Covered Wagon."

NOTE—Show starts at 7 o'clock sharp Saturday nights and a full show will be given after 8.45 o'clock.

GEO. TUSTIN, Prop.

Make sure it's VanLuven's Coal, $14.50.

A Bargain in Newspapers!

An Opportunity to Win $5,000

A Beautiful Art Calendar Free

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS has concluded an arrangement with The Family Herald and Weekly Star of Montreal by which we can offer the greatest bargain ever given to newspaper readers.

The offer includes a full year's subscription to both papers, an art calendar with a most beautiful picture subject ready for framing, and an opportunity to win a prize of $5,000 cash.

In the Federal Election of 1921 there were 3,119,306 votes cast out of a total of 4,433,340 names on the voters list.

How many votes will be polled in the next Federal Election ?

The Family Herald and Weekly Star are offering Ten Thousand Dollars in 94 prizes for the best estimates, and our arrangement with the publishers of that great weekly gives every EXPRESS subscriber an opportunity to make an estimate and perhaps win the capital prize of $5,000. Some person will win. Why should it not be you ?

READ THIS BARGAIN

The EXPRESS costs $1.50 per year.

The Family Herald and Weekly Star costs $2.00 per year.

We now offer a full year's subscription to both papers, including a copy of The Family Herald Art Calendar and the right to make one estimate in The Family Herald's Election Contest.

ALL FOR $2.50

Estimates must be made at time of subscribing, and no changes will be permitted afterwards.

ORDER NOW AT THIS OFFICE

The Napanee Express.

To W. J. SHANON, ESQ.,
Treasurer of the County of Lennox and Addigton :

County of Lennox and Addington,
TO WIT :

The lists of lands liable to be sold for arrears of taxes in the year 1924 showing the amount due against each lot or parcel of land set opposite to the same, having been submitted to me in duplicate and in accordance with section 142, Cha. 195, R.S.O., 1914, of the "Assessment Act," and each of the said lists having been vised by me, I hereby authorize and command you, William James Shannon, Treasurer of the County of LENNOX AND ADDINGTON to levy upon the respective lands specified therein for the arrears and costs due thereon.

Dated this 29th day of July, A.D., 1924.

W. H. Milling,
Warden of the County of Lennox and Addington.

COUNTY OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON.

TREASURER'S SALE OF LAND FOR TAXES

County of Lennox and Addington.
TO WIT :

By virtue of a warrant under the hand of the WARDEN and the seal of the County of Lennox and Addington, bearing date the 29th day of July, A.D., 1924, and to me directed, commanding me to levy upon the lands mentioned in the following list, for the arrears of taxes due thereon, and the costs as therein set forth, I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that unless the said arrears and costs are sooner paid, I shall proceed to sell the said lands, or so much thereof, as may be necessary for the aforesaid taxes and costs, at my office in the Court House, in the Town of Napanee, by PUBLIC AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY, the 5th day of November, in the present year A.D., 1924, and the following day if necessary, beginning at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and in compliance with the "Assessment Act."

The PUBLIC will please remember that this is a strictly CASH SALE. Private cheques will not be accepted in settlement unless marked by the Bank upon which they are drawn and made par at Napanee.

County Treasurer's Office, Napanee, July 29th, A.D., 1924.

W. J. SHANNON,
Treasurer of the County of Lennox and Addington.

TOWNSHIP OF DENBIGH.

	Arrears	Costs	Total
W.R., Lot 1, acres, 84 ; years, over 3.....	$ 20.00	$2.50	$22.50
W.R., Lot 2, acres, 100 ; years, over 3.....	15.00	2.38	17.38
2, Lot 17, acres, 100 ; years, 1921.....	8.06	2.25	10.31
2, Lot 19)			
2 Lot 16) acres, 194 ; years, over 3.....	40.00	3.00	43.00
3, Lot 13-14, acres, 200 ; years, over 3.....	30.00	2.75	32.75
3, Lot 17, acres, 100 ; years, over 3.....	100.00	4.50	104.50
3, Lot 20, acres, 100 ; years, over 3.....	100.00	4.50	104.50
4, Lot s ¼ 6)			
4, Lot s ½ 7)			
5, Lot 6 & 7), acres, 300 ; years, 1921-2-3	101.34	4.53	105.87
6, Lot 16, acres, 100 ; years, 1920-1-2-3...	44.23	3.11	47.34
7, Lot 12, acres, 100 ; years, over 3.....	15.00	2.38	17.38

TOWNSHIP OF ABINGER.

3, Lot pt. 1, acres, 19 ; years, over 3.....$	20.00	$2.50	$22.50
3, Lot 2, acres, 96 ; years, over 3.....	20.00	2.50	22.50
3, Lot pt 29, acres, 1 ; years, over 3.....	50.00	3.50	53.50
8, Lot 5 & 7, acres, 200 ; years 1920-2-3...	33.59	2.84	36.43
9, Lot 1, acres, 100 ; years, over 3.....	50.00	3.50	53.50
10, Lot 1, acres, 100 ; years, 1920-1-2-3..	43.40	4.10	47.91
11, Lot 5, acres, 100 ; years, over 3.....	50.00	3.50	53.50
15, Lot 7)			
Lot 8) acres, 200 ; years, 1921-2-3.....	31.83	2.79	34.62
16, Lot pt 14, acres, 1 ; years, over 3.....	20.00	2.50	22.50

TOWNSHIP OF ASHBY.

2, Lot 2)			
3, Lot 3), acres, 300 ; years 1920-1-2-3..$	64.88	$3.63	$68.51
16, Lot 33)			
Lot 34), acres, 200 ; years 1920-2-3...	31.64	2.79	34.43
			Sold

TOWNSHIP OF KALADAR

1, Lot n ½ 1, acres, 100 ; years, 1920-1-2-3.$	28.98	$2.73	$31.71
			Sold
1, Lot s ½ 3, acres, 108 ; years, 1920-1-2-3.	38.64	2.97	41.61
5, Lot w ½ 1, acres, 133 ; years, 1920-1-2-3	58.61	3.47	62.08
5, Lot 2, acres, 247, years, 1921-22.....	26.37	2.66	29.03
6, Lot 1, acres, 150 ; years, 1920-1-2-3...	48.91	3.23	52.14
6, Lot 4, acres, 150 ; years, 1920-1-2-3...	47.79	3.20	50.99
7, Lot 4, acres, 172 ; years, 1920-1-2-3...	8.58	2.25	10.83
7, Lot n ½ 10, acres, 65 ; years 1920-21...	36.23	2.91	39.14
8, Lot 10, acres, 188 ; years, 1920-21-2-3..	12.21	2.31	14.52
9, w ½ 12, acres, 100 ; years, 1920-1-2-3...			

TOWNSHIP OF ANGLESEA.

R.A., Lot 19, acres, 100 ; years, 1920-1-2-3..$	32.16	$2.80	$34.96
R.A., Lot 28, acres, 100 ; years 1920-1-2-3..	20.70	2.52	23.22
R.A., Lot 29, acres, 100 ; years, 1920-1-2-3..	20.71	2.52	23.23
R.A., Lot 31, acres, 100 ; years, 1920-1-2-3..	20.69	2.52	23.21
R.A., Lot 33, acres, 100 ; years, 1920-1-2-3..	20.70	2.52	23.22
R.A., Lot 34, acres, 100 ; years, 1920-1-2-3..	20.71	2.52	23.23
R.A., Lot 35, acres, 100 ; years, 1920-1-2-3..	20.72	2.52	23.24
R.A., Lot 36, acres, 100 ; years, 1920-1-2-3..	20.70	2.52	23.22
R.A., Lot 40, acres, 100 ; years, 1920-1-2-3..	20.70	2.52	23.22
R.A., Lot 41, acres, 100 ; years, 1920-1-2-3..	20.70	2.52	23.22
13, Lot 9, acres, 100 ; years, 1920-1-2-3...	40.16	3.00	43.16

TOWNSHIP OF SHEFFIELD.

2 Lot centre)			
Pt 16), acres, 4 ; years, 1920-1-2-3..$	52.80	$3.32	$56.12
2, Lot n ½ 26, acres, 100 ; years, 1921.....	3.65	2.25	5.90
16, Lot 21, acres, 150 ; years, 1920-1-2-3...	21.62	2.55	24.17
16, Lot 22, acres, 165 ; years, 1920-1-2-3..	18.34	2.46	20.80
16, Lot 23, acres, 185 ; years, 1920-21-23..	19.99	2.50	22.49

TOWNSHIP OF ERNESTTOWN.

1, Lot pt 32, acres, ¾ ac.; years, 1921-22-23	$43.94	$3.10	$47.04
1, Lot pt. 42, acres, 2 ; years, 1920-1-2-3..	43.53	3.10	46.63

VILLAGE OF BATH.

1, Lot 6, Meacham's Atlas, S. W. Corner Queen and Church Sts., 1-5 ac; yrs. 1921-23 $148.00 $5.70 $153.70

All above lands are Patented.

W. H .MILLING,
Warden, County of Lennox and Addington.

W. J. SHANNON,
Treasurer, County of Lennox and Addington.

MISSIONARY CONVENTION

(Continued from page 1).

of Devotional Exercises and Roll Call, after which the minutes of the morning session were read and approved. Gratifying, indeed, was the fact that there were forty-nine new members enrolled since May 1st. Mrs. Courtland Snider replied to greeting, and left nothing unsaid on the part of hospitality, and the feelings of assemblage that such a welcome and bounteous repast belonged alone to Empey Hill.

After the offering, Mrs. Terrill's paper on "Modern Plans and Ideas of Missionary Work," showed much careful study, and the Convention received glimpses of the work carried on in foreign fields under wonderful organizations and planning as never though it could be accomplished. How it had grown self or semi-self supporting in certain districts. The paper as a whole was encouraging to all who are interested in the ways and means of conducting the work in foreign fields.

Mrs. Seymour's solo was a missionary story in song, and well received.

"Is Missionary Work Worth While ?" was prepared and given by Mrs. Harold Hough, of Sillsville Auxiliary. It was so convincing with its dates, facts and figures compared with present and past, followed up by careful study from first efforts to the present time, dipping down in the dark ages of work in foreign fields, and carried along through decades to show that progress, although slow and often offset, was Christ's work, and always bound to throw out its influence under difficult circumstances. The work in the home field, as given instances, showed was one of easy accomplishment, with many difficult circumstances, but explanations given showed that the "worth whileness of Missionary Work" as a fact of Christ working with a visible result was so authentically given in comparisons, there was no doubt left that our efforts are making their way to a proof, and our labors stand out to-day as never before.

Solo, by Miss Oliver, was pleasing, and the Question Drawer, followed, which served to bring out in discussion many points pertaining to our work that otherwise would never be touched upon.

An invitation from Bay Circuit West Auxiliary was accepted, after which Mrs. Terrill closed the Convention with prayer.

E. C. R.

DESERONTO.

On Saturday, Oct. 18th, at the home of the bride in Fenelon Falls, the marriage took place of Miss Verlie Gaynor and Ross Reginald Deseronto Reid. The Gaynor is well known in the younger set here, having been employed as stenographer in the Hardwood Company's office.

Mrs. James, of Toronto, has returned to her home after a visit with her sister, Mrs. Charlie Weiss.

Mrs. Tom Gardner is spending some weeks in town, the guest of Mrs. A. Barnhart.

Rev. Dr. McTavish, of Belleville, occupied the pulpit of the Church of the Redeemer on Sunday during the absence of Rev. Mr. Richardson, who spent the day in Tweed.

Mrs. E. W. Rathbun is spending a week in Toronto.

William Havin is at home for a week's leave of absence.

J. P. Maher and family have left town to make their home at Point Anne.

Mrs. F. Smith is spending a few days with her mother, Mrs. A. Gartland, Dundas street.

David Thompson, of Chicago, has arrived to pay a visit to his sister, Mrs. Beaubien, Mill street.

Len Bryces, who has been employed in Point Anne, is at home for a week's holidays.

Miss Pearl McCullough became the owner of thirty-four cans of fruit for which tickets were sold at the Catholic bazaar.

Officials, accompanied by a master mechanic from the head office, Hull, have visited the plant of the Dominion Match Co., Deseronto, during the week, and as a result of this visit the industrial activity of the Dominion Match Company may be largely increased. Rumor reports the construction and erection of a very modern machine at the Deseronto plant, one which has a double capacity over those now in operation, which means increased forces.

Mr. William Stoddart, of Oshawa, is a visitor to his home on Upper George Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Abrams, of Toronto, were visitors to relatives and friends in Deseronto during the week.

Mrs. H. Williams has closed her home on Thomas street and departed to join her husband in Detroit, where they will spend the winter.

Fair quantities of pumpkins are being delivered to the E. C. Metcalf Canning Co. for canning purposes.

The three-day bazaar of St. Vincent de Paul Church, which was held at the Parish Hall, was a grand success. The attendance each afternoon and evening was large, and the variety of articles offered for sale were useful and appealing to all. The entertainment and dancing each evening added much to the pleasures and sociabilities of the affair. The committes in charge were splendid in their endeavor to please. As a result of the efforts a handsome amount was added to the funds of the church and the bazaar is recorded as the most successful in years.

Miss Muriel and Miss Gladys Dellor left on Friday for a week's visit to relatives and friends in Toronto and Brantford.

Many friends welcome the return to Deseronto of Mr. Joseph Johnston, who recently underwent an operation for appendicitis at the Hotel Dieu, Kingston.

For increased service to his fish purchasing and shipping business, Mr. Thomas G. McWain is building a new boat, with shipbuilder Wm. Gamble in charge of operations.

Savings in your family budget $14.50—VanLuven's Coal—$14.50.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE

(Continued from page 1).

MacGregor, Mayor of Napanee, cordially welcomed the teachers on behalf of the Town Council and the people of Napanee. He expressed his pleasure at meeting the teachers of Lennox, showed the importance of their work in the school and in the community as leaders, and hoped they would unanimously and emphatically endorse the continuance of the O.T.A., to protect the children of their schools and of Ontario.

Mr. MacGregor expressed the hope that their deliberations would be both pleasant and profitable, and that the teachers would enjoy their sojourn in the town.

On behalf of the teachers, Mr. Trenouth thanked the Mayor for his presence and good wishes.

The afternoon session was enlivened by a musical selection, "Love Sends a Little Gift of Roses," played by Miss Doris Anderson and Masters Billy Templeton and Gordon MacGregor. They very kindly responded to an encore, after which Miss Lena danced the Highland Fling, accompanied on the guitar by Master Gordon.

Moved by Miss Mitchell, seconded by Miss Denee, that a fee of five dollars be sent to the O.E.A. Carried.

Mr. Trenouth was appointed to take up subscriptions to "The School."

Mr. Corkill, in the Inspector's address, expressed his pleasure at the large attendance, due partly to the fine weather, and warmly welcomed the new teachers to his eighth convention. He asked the teachers to fill out two attendance report blanks, one for the attendance officer, and one for himself. Mr. Corkill does not approve of doing away with homework, as it links up home and school. He discussed Supplementary Readers, the new course of study, and grants to libraries. He showed a copy of a book called "Country Life Readers," by O. J. Stevenson, Professor Agricultural College, Guelph ; Geo. J. McLeod, publisher, Toronto ; price, 60c. This he said would be helpful in Third Book classes.

The lecture on Class Room Management, by Mr. Walker, Normal School, Peterboro, was very enjoyable throughout, and elicited warm expressions of appreciation from the Inspector and the teachers. Some helpful hints noted were :

Have a time-table ; be on your job ; be punctual.

Prepare every lesson, also seatwork.

Provide profitable work for every pupil every minute of the year ; allow no loafing.

Examine all tasks.

As everything can not be taught, select the thing to be taught.

The typical thing is taught, details are studied out by the pupils.

Be observant of the comfort of the child.

Make him do the things he should.

The eye is the best weapon in management. The personality of the teacher counts for much. Know thyself.

During the Trustees' Hour, Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M.A., addressed the teachers. Taking as his text, Psalm 127, v. 4, "As Arrows are in the hand of a Mighty Man, so are Children of the Youth." Mr. Coleman explained the comparison, showing points of resemblance between children and arrows, and drawing many useful lessons therefrom.

Teachers should have the power of vision to see what children can become if the right kind of work is put upon them. Personality counts for much and there is need of force behind the arrows to give it power. Teachers need to keep in touch with the Divine, to seek guidance and strength for their professional duties ; and a blessing will follow as no true work is in vain. One reward always follows faithful work,—the satisfaction of having tried and made a contribution worth while to the world in which they have lived.

By a hearty clapping of the hands, the teachers expressed their thanks for Mr. Coleman's able address.

A reception was held for the teachers at Neely's Lounge, at the close of the Thursday afternoon session.

The evening entertainment was held in the town hall, at 8 p.m. The President, Mr. Trenouth, occupied the chair.

The musical part of the programme consisted of a violin solo by Mrs. C. Wilson, a vocal solo by Miss F. Dwyer, and an instrumental by Miss May Hawley. All the artists kindly responded to encores.

The lecture, "The Making of Maps," was given by Prof. Norman Miller, Ph. D., Queen's University, Kingston.

Friday's work began at nine o'clock.

Mr. Laughland, Agricultural Office, Napanee, discussed agriculture and school fairs. He showed benefits to be derived and assured the teachers that all possible help would be given by the Napanee office.

Art in Public Schools was next dealt with by Miss Rockwell, who said the object of teaching art was not to produce an occasional artist, but to teach pupils to see beauty in common things. Several plans were outlined and methods explained. Miss Rockwell illustrated other ways of conducting a picture study by a lesson on a picture of Sir Galahad. Miss Rockwell thinks much help may be derived from the Normal Instructor and Primary Plans, F. A. Owen Pub. Co., Dansville, N.Y.

Mr. Trenouth and Miss Dennee expressed their appreciation of Miss Rockwell's very helpful talk and lesson.

Mr. Walker's second lecture was on Arithmetic.

As a mark of appreciation of Mr. Walker's work that gentleman was made an honorary member of Lennox Teachers' Institute.

The following resolutions were to be forwarded to the O.E.A. :

1. That the history course be shortened and that the present text books in history are not suitable.

2. That before any text books are changed the teachers should be notified in time to express their opinion or make suggestions regarding new ones.

3. That the school register year be changed from September to June to correspond with the school year.

4. That no examination in Group I be held.

5. That the H. S. representative on the Entrance Board mark the subjects which he actually teaches as far as possible.

6. That the Lennox Teachers' Association appreciate what the O.T.A. has done and that it be continued in view of the improved condition of the pupils.

The committee also wished to ask the Executive to arrange to spend the two convention days next year going to Ottawa.

The following officers were chosen for the ensuing year :

President — Mr. R. C. Earl, Bath.

Vice-President—Miss R. Wilson, Camden East.

Members of the Executive—Mr. W. J. Trenouth, Napanee ; Dr. G. W. Morden, N.C.I., Napanee ; Mr. Forbes, N.H.S., Newburgh ; Miss M. Mitchell, Newburgh ; Mrs. H. Fairbairn, Camden East ; Miss A. I. Allen, Odessa ; Miss Margaret Blair, Enterprise.

Delegates to O.E.A.—Miss Ila Allison, Adolphustown ; Miss M. Mackenzie, Collins Bay.

Sec'y-Treasurer — Miss Etta Harrison.

Musical Committee—Misses B. Hawley, E. Anderson, R. Sheridan, and V. McLaughlin.

Miss Dennee was appointed as delegate on Northern trip if there is one next year.

The new President, Mr. Earl, was called to the chair.

After Miss Mitchell's address on Summer Activities, Mr. Corkill asked the teachers to write their opinion of the new course—of study and send it to him.

Moved by Mr. Trenouth and seconded that a vote of thanks be tendered to Miss Doris Anderson and Masters Gordon MacGregor and Billie Templeton for taking part in the programme ; to all who took part in the evening entertainment and to all who took any part in the programme or in any way helped to make the Convention a success ; to Mr. Neely's for the delightful entertainment at their Lounge, and to the Board of Education for the use of the Public School building. Carried.

The Secretary was instructed to pay all expenses of this Convention.

The President, Mr. Earl, congratulated Mr. Trenouth on the wonderful success of this meeting which had been so very enjoyable as well as educative.

"God Save the King" closed the meeting.

Genuine BAYER

ASPIRIN

Insist on BAYER TABLETS OF ASPIRIN

Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer product proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians 24 years for

Colds	Headache
Pain	Neuralgia
Toothache	Lumbago
Neuritis	Rheumatism

Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proven directions.

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid (Acetyl Salicylic Acid, "A. S. A."). While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to protect the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

Not by My Vote!

1. Shall Liquor Stores be re-established throughout the County ?

Not by My Vote.

2. Shall children be deprived of a decent chance in life ?

Not by My Vote.

3. Shall women suffer as they suffered before the O. T. A. ?

Not by My Vote.

4. Shall money be drained from legitimate business ?

Not by My Vote.

5. Shall we make every highway in Ontario dangerous and unsafe ?

Not by My Vote.

6. Shall we make bootlegging easier ?

Not by My Vote.

7. With all its evil shall booze come back again ?

Not by My Vote.

For the Honor of Lennox and Addington

Mark Your Ballot This Way !

1 Are you in favour of the continuance of The Ontario Temperance Act?	X	←
2 Are you in favour of the sale of beverage of beer and spirituous liquor in sealed packages under Government control?		

and the O. T. A. will be

"Sustained, Strengthened and Enforced"

The WRECKERS

By FRANCIS LYNDE

COPYRIGHT, BY CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS

When we finished, Kestler was just getting his service of ice-cream; but I noticed that he left it untouched and got up and followed us to the lobby. It made me hot enough to want to turn on him and knock his crooked eye out, but of course, that wouldn't have done any good.

After Mr. Norcross had bought some cigars at the stand he said he guessed he'd run out to Major Kendrick's for a little while; and with that he went up to his room. Though the major was the one he named, I knew he meant that he was going to see Mrs. Sheila. I remembered what he had said to Ripley about a woman's being the stern ideal and such things, and I guess it was really so. Every time he spent an evening at the major's he'd come back with a lot of new notions for popularizing the Short Line.

When he said that, about going out to the major's, Kestler was near enough to overhear it, and so he waited, lounging in the lobby and pretending to read a paper. About half-past seven the boss came down and asked me to call a taxi for him. I did it; and Kestler loafed around just long enough to see him start off. Then he lit out, himself, and something in the way he did it made me take out after him.

The first thing I knew I was trailing him through the railroad yard and

Kestler Was Telling the Three How He Had Shadowed Mr. Norcross.

on down past the freight house toward the big, fenced-in, Red Tower coal yards.

At the coal yard he let himself in through a wicket in the wagon gates, and I noticed that he used a key and locked the wicket after he got inside. I put my eye to a crack in the high stockade fence and saw that the little shack office that was used for a scale-house was lighted up. My burnt hand was healing tolerably well by this time and I could use it a little. There was a slack pile just outside of the big gate, and by climbing to the top of it I got over the fence and crept up to the scale-house.

A small window in one end of the shack, opened about two inches at the bottom, answered well enough for a peep-hole. Three men were in the little box of a place—three, besides Kestler; Hatch, his barrel-bodied partner, Henckel, and one other. The third man looked like a glorified barkeep. He was of the type I have heard called "black Irish," fat, sleek, and well-fed, with little jet-point black eyes half buried in the flesh of his round face, and the padded jaw and double chin shaved to the blue.

I knew this third man well enough by sight; everybody in Portal City knew him—decent people only too well when it came to an election tussle. He was the redoubtable Pete Clanahan, divekeeper, and political boss.

Kestler was telling the three how he had shadowed Mr. Norcross from the railroad headquarters to the Bullard, and how he stayed around until he had seen the boss take a taxi for Major Kendrick's. This seemed to be all that was wanted of him, for when he was through, Hatch told him he might go home. After the cock-eyed clerk was gone, Hatch lighted a fresh cigar and put it squarely up to the Irishman.

"It's no use being mealy-mouthed over this thing, Pete," he grated in that sour-mild voice of his. "We've got to get rid of this man. Every day's delay gives him that much better hold. We can choke him off, by littles in the business game, of course; we have Dunton and the New Yorkers on our side, and this co-operative scheme he has launched can be broken down with money. But that doesn't help you political people out; and your stake in the game is even bigger than ours."

Clanahan looked around the little dog-kennel of a place suspiciously.

"'Tis not here that we can talk much about thim things, Misther Hatch," he said cautiously.

"Why not?" was the rasping question. "There's nobody in the yard, and the gates are locked. It's a d—d sight safer than a back room in one of your dives—as we know now to our cost."

Clanahan threw up his head with a gesture that said much. "Murphy's the man that leaked on that engine job—and he'll leak no more."

"Well," said Hatch, with growing irritation, "what are you holding back to the law, and he took the case into his own hands. Nothing ever done about it because nobody took the trouble to prosecute. A week ago we sent a man to Oregon to look up the facts. He succeeded in finding a brother of the dead man, and a warrant has now been sworn out for Norcross' arrest."

"Well?" said Clanahan again. "Ye have the string in yer own hand; why don't ye pull it?"

"That's where you come in," was the answer. "The Oregon justice issued the warrant because it was demanded, but he refused to issue, for his county, the expense of sending a deputy sheriff to another state, or to take the necessary steps to have Norcross extradited. If Norcross could be produced in court, he would try him and either discharge him or bind him over, as the facts might warrant. He took his stand upon the ground that Norcross was only technically responsible, and told the brother that in all probability nothing would come of an attempt to prosecute."

"Thin ye've got nothing on him, after all," said the Irishman grimly.

"Yes," Hatch came back; "we have the warrant, and, in addition to that, we have you, Pete. A word from you to the Portal City police headquarters, and our man finds himself arrested and locked up—to wait for a requisition from the governor of Oregon."

"But you said th' requisition wouldn't come," Clanahan put in.

Hatch was sitting back now and stroking his ugly jaw.

"It might come, Pete, if it had to: there's no knowing. In the meantime we get delay. There'll be habeas corpus proceedings, of course; to get him out of jail, but there's where you'll come in again; you've got your own man for city attorney. And, after all, the delay is all we need. With Norcross in trouble, and in jail on a charge of murder, the railroad shipill go on the rocks in short order. The Norcross management is having plenty of trouble—wrecks and the like. With Norcross locked up, New York will be heard from, and Dismuke will step in and clean house. That will wind up the reform spasm."

"'Tis a small chance," growled the chief of the ward heelers. "I'll talk it over with the big fellow."

Again Hatch leaned forward and put his hands on his knees.

"You'll do nothing of the sort, Pete. You'll act, and act on your own responsibility. If you don't, somebody may wire the sheriff of Silver Bow county, Montana, that the man he knew in Butte as Michael Clancy is. . . ."

The divekeeper put up both hands as if to ward off a blow.

"'Tis enough," he mumbled, spanking as if he had a bunch of dry cotton in his mouth. "Slip me th' warrant."

Hatch went to a small safe and worked the combination. When the door was opened he passed a folded paper to Clanahan. Through all this talk, Henckel had said nothing, and I suspected that Hatch had him there solely for safety's sake, and to provide a witness. With the paper in his pocket, Clanahan got up to go. It was time for me to make a move.

It's curious how an idea will sometimes lay back in you and knock out reason and common sense and everything else. Clanahan had in his pocket a piece of paper that simply meant ruin to Mr. Norcross, and the blowing up of all the plans that had been made down, resting on its two lips on the ground.

At first I thought of climbing to the frame-work of the crane and trying to hide on the big bridge beam. Then I saw that the two halves of the coal-shell bucket were slightly open, just wide enough to let me squeeze in, if they were looking for a full-sized man—Turbell, for instance, who was as husky as a farm-hand—they'd never think of that crack in the bucket; and in another second I had wriggled through the V-shaped opening and was sitting humped up in one of the halves of the clam-shell.

That was a mighty good guess. When Hatch came back with his gun, they combed that coal yard with a fine-tooth comb, using a lantern that Hatch had gotten from somewhere and missing no hole or corner where a man might hide, save and excepting only the one I had pre-empted.

As it happened, the search wound up finally under the crane, with the three standing so near that I could have reached out of the crack between the bucket halves and touched them.

"Der tyfel has gone mit himself ofer der fence, yes?" puffed Henckel. And then: "Vot for he be shoot off dem pistols, ennahow?"

Clanahan confessed. I suppose because he knew he would have to, sooner or later.

"It was a hold-up," he growled. "Th' warrant's gone out av my pocket."

Hatch's comment on this was fairly blood-curdling in its profanity.

"Then it's up to you to get him some other way, you blundering son of a thief!" he raged. "I don't care what you do, but if you don't make this country too hot to hold him, it's going to get too hot to hold you!" And what more he was going to say, I don't know, for at that moment a belated police patrol began pounding at the gates on the town side and wanting to know what all the shooting was about.

It was after they had all gone away, leaving the big coal yard in silence and darkness, that I got into a good and hard. Sitting all hunched up in the grab-bucket and waiting for my chance to climb out and make a getaway, the common sense reaction came and saw what I had done. With the best intentions in the world, in trying to kill off the chance offered to the enemy by the Oregon warrant and the trumped-up charge of murder, I had merely saved the boss an arrest and a possible legal tangle and had put him in peril of his life.

CHAPTER X

The Man at the Window

Of course, the first thing I did, the morning after that adventure in the coal yard, was to tell the boss all about it, and I was just foxy enough to do it when Mr. Ripley was present, so Mr. Norcross didn't say much; and, for that matter, neither did the lawyer, though he did ask the boss a question or two about the real facts in the Midland right-of-way squabble.

But I noticed, after that, that our man Tarbell was continually turning up at all sorts of times, and in all sorts of odd places, so I took it that Ripley had given him his tip, and that he was sort of body-guarding Mr. Norcross on the quiet, though I am sure the boss didn't know anything about that part of it—he was such a square dealer himself that he probably wouldn't have stood for it if he had.

Meanwhile, things grew warmer and warmer in the tussle we were making to pull the old Short Line out of the mud; warmer in a number of ways, because, in addition to the fight for the public confidence, we began just then to have a perfect epidemic of wrecks.

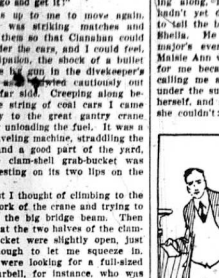
The boss turned the material trouble over to Mr. Van Britt and devoted himself pretty strictly to the public side of things. Everywhere, and on every occasion—at dinners at the different chambers of commerce, and public banquets given to this, that, or the other visiting big-wig—he was always ready to get on his feet and tell the people that the prosperity of the country carried with it the prosperity of the railroads; that the two things were one and inseparable; and that, when it came right down to basic facts, the railroads were really a part of the progress machinery of the country at large and should be regarded, not as allen tax-collectors, but as contributors to the general prosperity and welfare.

By this time, also, Red Tower Consolidated was beginning to find out what it meant to have active competition. The C. S. & W. people were hammering at their new plants to get going shape, and they were getting the patronage both of the producers and consumers, hand over fist. Track facilities and yard room were granted freely; and while no discrimination was permitted as against the Red Tower people, the friendly attitude of the road counted for something, as it was bound to.

During those few pre-election weeks the New York end of us seemed to have petered out completely. We heard nothing more from President Dunton, worse than an occasional wire complaint about the number of wrecks we were having, though the stock was still going down, point by point, and, so far as a man up a tree could see, we were making no attempt to show net earnings—were turning all our money into betterments as fast as it came in. I knew that couldn't go on. Without a flurry of some sort, the New Yorkers would surely be able to break even, to say nothing of a profit, and I looked every day for a howl that would tear things straight up the back.

While all these threads were weaving along, I'm sorry to say that I hadn't yet drummed up the courage to tell the boss the truth about Mrs. Sheila. He kept on going to the major's every chance he had, and Maisie Ann was making life miserable for me because I hadn't told him—calling me a coward and everything under the sun. I told her to tell him herself, and she retorted that I knew she couldn't: that it was my job and

They Were All Three After Me.



I Had Butted In With a Telegram.

nobody else's. We fussed over it a lot; and because I most always contrived some excuse to chase out to the Kendrick house at the boss' heels—merely to help Tarbell keep cases on him—there were plenty of chances for the fussing.

It was on one of these chasing trips to "Kenwood" that the roof fell in. The major had gone out somewhere—to the theater, I guess—taking his wife and Maisie Ann, and the boss and Mrs. Sheila were sitting cozily in the major's den, with a little coal blaze in the basket grate because the nights were beginning to get a bit chilly.

I had butted in with a telegram—which might just as well have stood over until the next morning, if you want to know. After I had delivered it, Mrs. Sheila gave me that funny little laugh of hers and told me to go hunt in the pantry and see if I could find a piece of pie, and the boss added that if I'd wait, he'd go back to town with me when I was ready.

I found the pie, and ate it in the dining-room, making noise enough about it so that they could know I was there if they wanted to. But they weren't right on talking, and paid no attention to me.

"Do you know, Sheila," they had long since got past the "Mr." and "Mrs."—"you've been the greatest possible help to me in this rough-house, all the way along," the boss was saying. "You have held me up to the rack, time and again, when I have been ready to throw it all up and let go. Why have you done it?"

I heard the little laugh again, and she said: "It is worth something to have a friend. Odd as it may seem, Graham, I have been singularly poverty-stricken in that respect. And I have wanted to see you succeed. Though you are still calling it merely a 'business deal,' it is really a mission, you know, crammed full of good things to a struggling world. If you do succeed—and I am sure you are going to—you will leave this community, and hundreds of others, vastly the better for what you are doing and demonstrating."

"But that is a man's point of view," the boss persisted. "How do you get it? You are all woman, you know; and your sensing and mingling—at least, since I have known you—has all been purely social. How do you get the big overlook?"

"I don't know. I was foolish and frivolous once, like most young girls, I suppose. But we all grow older; and we ought to grow wiser. Besides, the woman has the advantage of the man in one respect; she has time to think and plan and reason things out as a busy man can't have. Your problem has seemed very simple to me, from the very beginning. It asked for a strong man and an honest one. You were to take charge of a piece of property that had been abused and knocked about and used as a means of extortion and oppression, and you were to make it good."

"Again, that is a man's point of view."

"Oh, no," she protested quickly. "There is no sex in ethics. Women are the natural housekeepers, perhaps, but that isn't saying that a man can't be one, too, if he wants to be."

At this, the boss got up and began to tramp up and down the room; I suppose for him. I know she'd been having the biggest kind of a job to keep him shut up in his sort of abstract corral, when all the time he was loving her fit to kill, but apparently she had been doing it successfully. There wasn't the faintest breath of sentiment in the air; not the slightest whiff. When she began again, I could somehow feel that she was just in time to prevent his breaking out into all sorts of love-making.

"The time has come, now, when you must take another leaf out of my book," she said, with just the proper little cooling tang in her voice. "Up to the present you have been hammering your way to the end like a strong man, and that was right. But you have been more or less reckless—and that isn't right or fair or just to a lot of other people."

The tramping stopped and I heard him say: "I don't know what you mean."

"I mean that matters have come to such a pass now that you can't afford to take any risks—personal risks. If the plan the enemy is trying doesn't work, it will try another and a more desperate one."

"You've been talking to Ripley," he laughed. "Ripley wants me to become a gun-toter and provide myself with a body-guard. I'd look well, wouldn't I? But what do you mean by the plan the enemy is now trying?"

She hesitated a little, and then said: "I shall make no charges, because I have no proof. But I read the newspapers, and Mr. Van Britt tells me things now and then. You are having a terrible lot of wrecks."

"That is merely bad luck," he rejoined easily.

"Rashness is no part of true courage," she interpolated, calmly. "As a private individual you might say that your life is your own, and that you have a perfect right to risk it as you please. But as the general manager of the railroad, with a lot of your friends holding office under you, you can't say that. Besides, you are fighting for a cause, and that cause will stand or fall with you."

"You ought to be a member of this new reform legislature that some of our good friends think is coming up the pike," he chuckled; but she ignored the good-natured gibe and made him listen.

"I was visiting a day or two at the capital last week, and there are influences at work that you don't know about. . . . Your position can't make your administration a failure; it won't hesitate to get rid of you in the easiest way that offers."

There was silence in the major's den for a minute or so, and then the boss said:

"As usual, you know more than we

THE WRECKERS 7 1000

only snatches of what Mrs. Sheila was saying to the boss, but the bits that I heard were a good deal to the point.

"No, I mean it, Graham . . . it is as I told you at first . . . there is no standing room for either of us on that ground . . . and you must not come here again when you know that I am alone. . . . No, Jimmie isn't enough!"

I wrenched the half-working ear-sense aside and jammed it into my eyes, concentrating hard on the window at which I expected every second to see many faces. If the man was a murderer, I thought I could beat him to it.

The suspense didn't last very long. A hand came up first to push the window frame in. It was a white hand, long and slender, more like a woman's than a man's. Then against the glass I saw the face, and it gave me such a turn that I thought I must be going batty.

Instead of the ugly mug of one of Clanahan's gunmen, the haggard face framed in the window sash was a face that I had seen once—and only once—before; on a certain Sunday night in the Bullard when the loose-lipped mouth belonging to it had been loosened by drunken curses at the night clerk. The man at the window was the dissipated young rounder who had been pointed out as the nephew of President Dunton.

CHAPTER XI

The Name on the Register

So long as I was holding on to the notion that the man outside was one of Clanahan's thugs, handy enough to do the boss a mischief, I thought I knew pretty well what I should do when it came to the pinch. Would I really have handed off and shot a man, in cold blood? That's a tough question, but I guess maybe I could have screwed myself up to the sticking point, as the fellow says, with a sure-enough gunman on the other side of that window—and the boss' life at stake. But when I saw that it was young Collingwood, that was a horse of another color.

(To be continued.)

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Ingomar, N. S.—"I took your medicine for a run-down condition and nervous troubles. I had pains in my right side so bad at times that I could not walk any distance. I saw about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in the newspapers and have taken five bottles of it. I am better in every way and you can use my letter to help other women."—Mrs. Alvita M. Perry, Ingomar, N. S.

Nervous Breakdown Relieved

Toronto, Ontario.—"It is pretty hard to explain your feelings in nervous troubles. I felt low spirited, had pains in my head and was always crying, and did not want to go anywhere. I do knitting and fancy work, and I would get irritable after a few minutes of work. I have been in Canada five years and have been this way ever since I came. I am taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I sleep better and it seems to make me eat, and I must say I am feeling more jolly. I have great faith in it in your troubles because of what it has done for my husband's sister and she recommended it to me."—Mrs. J. Sarris, 10 Burkholder Avenue, Todmorden, Toronto, Ontario.

All druggists sell this dependable medicine, and women suffering from these troubles so common to their sex should give it a trial now.

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Government Control is People's Control

THE people of Ontario—not any narrow or isolated section of them—but the people of Ontario as a whole—have certain ideals of public and private life. British traditions have given us these.

These ideals are well understood.

Lawlessness, disrespect for law, lack of self-restraint, and excesses of all kind find no approbation in Ontario.

Government Control, in the present plebiscite, is simply a mandate by the people to the Government to proceed with legislation which, while dealing with and as far as possible eliminating excesses in drinking, will restore respect for law, and recognize the right of the citizen to regulate his private life in accordance with the principles of moderation and sanity.

Prohibition is a denial of such a mandate. It consists of an absolute order of "MUST NOT".

That it undermined private and public life—that it made lawlessness profitable—that it took revenues which should be used for the public good—that it created evils harder to subdue than those it pretended to abolish—was the verdict of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba within the last year. They had tried Prohibition for seven years and found that period quite long enough.

Of course, the verdict was not rendered without a fight. Just as here, the people were told of the wonders of prohibition. They were told how rich they had become, how sober they were, how crime had vanished, how low taxes were and how happy and prosperous everybody was. "Impartial" writers wrote articles in the newspapers, "unbiased" speakers made speeches.

But the people were not moved. They knew better.

Then they acted. Just as soon as the opportunity arose they voted for Government Control. The Prohibitionists tried to prevent the people from expressing their views. Everywhere they said that a vote was unnecessary and sought to avoid one. Just as here.

But the people prevailed. They decided that, through their Governments, they would take control themselves.

Vote for Government Control as follows:

1 Are you in favour of the continuance of The Ontario Temperance Act?

2 Are you in favour of the sale as a beverage of beer and spirituous liquor in sealed packages under Government control?

X MARK YOUR BALLOT HERE

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41

Maya City 2,000 Years Old

In describing one of the lost cities of America's oldest civilization, Dr. Thomas Gunn, reader on Central American Archaeology, Liverpool University, writes:

The ruined Maya city recently discovered on the Columbia branch of the Rio Grande in the hinterland of British Honduras, near the Guatemala border, is buried in dense, impenetrable bush, and the buildings themselves are covered by vegetable mould accumulated over a period of nearly 2,000 years, which in many cases gives them the appearance of natural elevations.

The buildings consist of great stone-faced, terraced pyramids, approached on one side by broad stone stairways. The first structure cleared of bush and humus was a truncated pyramid 90 feet in length by 75 feet in breadth at the base, and 30 feet high. A steep narrow stone stairway, now in ruins, led from the base to the summit. Three terraces completely surrounded it, interrupted only by the stairway.

The walls separating the terraces were 4½ feet and 6 feet high, and the flat summit measured 50 by 40 feet. The whole pyramid was completely faced with nicely cut blocks of sandstone and limestone, to the lower surface of many of the latter of which a layer of chert, ¾ in. in thickness, adhered. No mortar or any similar material was used in binding these stones together, with the result that generations of great trees had split them apart, so that the greater portion of the west side was in a very poor state of preservation, and only showed the terraced structure in places.

It was found that this pyramid had been added to on two separate occasions by building courses of cut stone 3 feet broad round the entire structure, a typically Maya procedure, seen at all their ruined cities over a period of more than 1,000 years. The pyramid was situated on the rim of the steep side of a river valley, which was terraced and faced with cut stone for a distance of 35 feet, making the total height of this side of the pyramid 65 feet.

On a second pyramid we found caved-in, stone-lined chambers, from one of which we endeavored to clear out the debris of stone and rubbish with which it was filled, but soon had to desist, as the great weight of the stones took the combined exertions of all our laborers to remove through the narrow aperture at the top, and we soon realized that, if we were to do any other work at all in the limited time at our disposal, we must leave these vaults within the pyramids till later.

At Uxmal Copan, and other Maya cities similar structures have been found within the great stone pyramid substructures, which had evidently been used as burial chambers.

The Rio Grande ruins contain a great number of pyramids, and it is highly probable that many, if not all, of them are honey-combed with narrow stone-faced chambers, the tombs of the kings, nobles, and priests of their builders; while, judging by the few pottery and jade artifacts found by the Indians, mostly on the surface of the soil in the neighborhood of the ruins, great quantities of their weapons, ornaments, and utensils should be found in these buried chambers, supplying a vivid picture of the habits, customs and mode of life of the ancient inhabitants.

Of the actual extent of the ruins it is impossible to give an accurate estimate as yet, for they are covered throughout with dense bush, we learnt, however, from Indians who had traversed them that they extend for approximately three miles from the Columbia branch towards the Rio Grande, and east and west for not less than two miles.

Before leaving, we christened the city "Labaantun"—literally, "the place of fallen stones," in the Maya language.

This city differs from all other known cities, in that there are no stone palaces and temples standing upon the great pyramidal substructures, and in the entire absence of stone sculptures and of the great monoliths upon which were inscribed the dates of their erection, put up at twenty-year intervals, and later at five-year intervals, by the Maya throughout Central America and Yucatan.

It could appear, from the absence of stone sculptures, temples, and palaces that these ruins ante-date Copan, Quirigua, Uaxactun and other cities of the Old Empire, the earliest recorded dates at which go back to about the beginning of the Christian era, for it is certain that prior to this Maya dates were recorded on wood, and the earliest temples and palaces constructed of the same material.

In the Rio Grande ruins we have one of the earliest Maya sites, going back to a period prior to any of the dated cities at present known in Central America, and one can only hope that within it discoveries will be made which may at least throw some light on the origin of this mysterious race, who, when we first obtained any record of them—some 2,000 years ago—seem to have descended on Central America from the clouds, fully equipped with a high civilization, an elaborate hieroglyphic system, and a solar calendar which is unequalled to the present day.

His Overtime.

"Look here," said the office boy, "I think the boss ought to gimme a bit extra for work."

"What for?" asked the bookkeeper.

"For overtime, I was dreamin' about me work last night."

Rank Shown by High Heels.

When high heels were introduced in Venice they were highly decorated. The height of the heels proclaimed the rank of the men and women wearing them.

LOOK FOR RECORD GAME SEASON

Returning victorious from the chase—via the St. Lawrence River.

The moose and deer-hunting season is now in full swing in the Province of Quebec and the indications are that it will be more abundant than it has been for many years. This fact, together with the rainy weather of the summer, which caused many sportsmen to postpone their visit until the fall, may quite possibly lead to a record season.

The fish and game preservation policy of the provincial government, which has resulted in the phenomenal increase of wild life, is of interest to all sportsmen. Interviewed on the subject recently, Mr. J. A. Belleisle, superintendent of that branch of the government concerned in this policy, said: "For the past fifteen years we have concentrated on game preservation in this province. This has been most effectively accomplished by the establishment of small preserves which are leased to private fish and game clubs. We have now no less than 500 of these and are working steadily to establish more. As a condition of the lease we insist that each club provide at least two fully qualified game wardens whom we license as such. The result is that we have 1,000 game wardens more than our own corps of about 125, maintained at no expense to the government, a far larger number than we could possibly supply were we compelled to do so from public funds. Were it not for this policy, large tracts of country into which the fish and game overflow from these preserves would be utterly destitute of such life on account of the great numbers of sportsmen drawn into the province over whom we could exercise little or no effective control. As it is, the whole country teems with trophies awaiting the sportaman, whether he belongs to a club or not.

"As a proof of the increase of game," Mr. Belleisle continued, "I might say that moose, bear and deer have lately been seen even in the suburbs of our cities and towns. Of recent years, a moose was shot in the very heart of Quebec city, in the square between the Basilica and the city hall, and another near a large apartment house a stone's throw from the Parliament Buildings. On another occasion, a bear was shot in the suburb of St. Roch. All over the province, this increase is apparent. Lake Megantic, the Laurentians, the Gatineau Valley, Temiskaming, Kipawa, St. Maurice, Lake Edward, Maniwaki and other places on the Canadian Pacific lines, are packed."

And, to clinch Mr. Belleisle's case, the following comes to hand from Tem-kip Camp, on Lake Temiskaming: "Moose, deer and bear are very plentiful this season, especially moose. They are all over the place. I have been out for four days with a party from New York city who have never seen anything like the abundance of game we have here."

Barnum Humbugged Indians.

Ten Indian chiefs once visited Washington to interview the President of the United States. Barnum, the famous showman, bribed their interpreter to take them to the American Museum in New York.

Here in the lecture room he introduced them to the crowd—who had paid (unknown to the chiefs) to see them, writes M. R. Werner in "P. T. Barnum."

None of the chiefs could understand English, so Barnum introduced one of them, Yellow Bear (who in his young days had killed many white men), to the audience as follows, patting the chief affectionately on the shoulder all the time:

"This little Indian, ladies and gentlemen, is Yellow Bear, chief of the Kiowas. He has killed, no doubt, scores of white men, and he is probably the meanest, most black-hearted rascal that lives in the Far West."

A pause followed, during which Barnum patted Yellow Bear affectionately on the head and the Indian responded with smiles and bows of pleasure and gratitude.

"If the blood-thirsty little villain," Barnum continued, "understood what I was saying, he would kill me in a moment; but, as he thinks I am complimenting him, I can safely state the truth to you, that he is lying, thieving, treacherous, murderous monster. He has tortured to death many women; murdered their husbands, brained their helpless little ones; and he would gladly do the same to you or to me if he thought he would escape punishment. This is but a faint description of the character of Yellow Bear."

Needless to say, the show was a great success.

Scots Wha Hae.

Burgomaster Max of Brussels became world-famous at the beginning of the war by defending the rights of the Belgian capital against the German invaders. His courage and hopefulness inspired the Allies as well as the Belgians. Biographical sketches of him say that he was born in Brussels, and do not refer to his ancestry. But when he was presented recently with the freedom of the City of Edinburgh he gave a clue to the sources of his patriotic independence. He regarded the honor as intended for his countrymen rather than himself, and declared that nothing could move them more than this courteous and generous gesture on the part of the capital of noble Scotland, which was so fervently patriotic and which struggled during so many centuries for her independence. The sentiments which had at all times made the hearts of Scotsmen beat were the sentiments of his own countrymen. The writings of Walter Scott, said Burgomaster Max, had nurtured their childhood, and his heroes and heroines were just as familiar to the Belgian people as they were to the Scots.

Forget Address.

She: "Do you really love me?"

He: "Yes, I do."

She: "Would you do something for me?"

He: "Anything to give you pleasure."

She: "Then just forget my address."

Britain's Rarest Flower.

In appearance not unlike the familiar yellow calceolaria, with pouchlike blossoms and glossy leaves, the "lady's slipper," found in Upper Wharfedale, Yorkshire, is Britain's rarest wild flower.

Many naturalists have spent years in trying to locate it, but without success, while the rambles of those who have found specimens is exceedingly small. One of the last to be lucky in the quest was a girl of twelve, while a short time previously a man who had only lately moved into the district picked a bunch of the blooms, much to the surprise of botanists.

Quite apart from its rarity, the "lady's slipper" is interesting on account of its amazing elusiveness. Places where it has been discovered have been carefully marked, yet when the plant has been due to bloom again no trace of it has been found.

GETTING IN FARM ICE

Harvesting This Good Winter Crop In the Best Way

Success Depends on Ten Conditions —Ice-Houses May Be Cheaply Constructed — Harvesting the Crop — Maintenance of Farm Work Horse.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

It is now none too soon to make preparation for the winter harvest of the ice crop. Some may be for the first time planning to harvest some ice this winter, and they will in all probability need to construct some sort of a building or bin in which to store it. Those who have regularly stored ice may have to make some alterations or repairs to the old ice storage. In any case it is a good policy to make the necessary preparations early, and so have everything in readiness when the time comes to cut and store the crop.

Success Depends Upon Ten Conditions

The style of ice storage really does not count provided the following conditions are fulfilled:

(1) That the ice be cut from a body of clean water and be free from weeds and sediment.

(2) The cakes should be cut regularly, and all of a size. The ice should be at least 12 inches thick.

(3) The ice should be stored on a cold, dry day.

(4) The cakes should be packed together as closely as possible without any sawdust or other material between them. Any spaces between the cakes may be filled with finely broken ice or snow.

(5) Plenty of dry sawdust, at least 12 inches, should be packed between the mass of ice and the walls of the enclosure, and even a greater depth below and above the ice.

(6) The top of the ice storage should be provided with good circulation for air in order to prevent accumulation of warm, stagnant air over the ice. This point cannot be emphasized too seriously.

(7) The ground below the ice pit should be well drained in order to readily carry off the waste from the ice.

(8) The wall around the bottom should be air-tight.

(9) The ice should be kept well covered with dry sawdust all summer after each time ice is removed.

(10) As far as possible the ice storage should be out of the direct rays of the sun, but yet in a place where there is good circulation of air.

Ice-Houses May Be Cheaply Constructed.

It is possible to secure most of these conditions in a very cheap and simple construction, and therefore the storage of ice need not give one much concern. The better style of ice-house is usually constructed of a wall consisting of one layer of boards on each side of 2 x 4 studs, the space between being left empty.

Ice can be kept successfully in various sorts of storages: A large bin made of single boards nailed on ordinary studding or cedar posts and located inside some other building; as a shed or barn; or outside on a simple lean-to on the shady side of a large building; part of a hay-mow, an old silo; or a more costly and attractive building usually called the ice-house or cold storage building.

Most of the ice stored on farms is used for cooling milk and cream and keeping it sweet for short periods. When both milk and cream are cooled it is necessary to store only tons per cow kept, this amount covering reasonable waste by meltage in the storage. If a refrigerator is used in the house or adjoining the storage where foods for the table are kept, 2 or 3 tons extra should be stored.

Harvesting the Crop.

This crop is not the pleasantest one the farmer has to handle, as it is usually pretty cold and wet work. Lots of good company while working at the job is a great help, and therefore co-operative effort should be carried out in this line of work. The job can be done more efficiently, quickly, more economically and under more pleasant conditions than by the single-handed method. The job is worth while, and, if gone about in a sensible manner, is not too objectionable—certainly not nearly so bad as standing at the tail-end of a threshing machine.

The Department of Physics, O.A.C., Guelph, will gladly supply bulletins and blue-prints describing ice-houses, small cold storages and refrigerators, and describing in detail how the harvesting is done. Write us early.

—R. R. Graham, O. A. College, Guelph.

Maintenance of Farm Work Horses.

Considerable work was done during the winter of 1923 by the Department of Animal Husbandry, Ontario Agricultural College, to ascertain the cost of maintenance of the farm horses. For many horses at teaming work necessary around the farm, such as drawing manure, etc., it cost from 31½ to 56.6 cents per horse per day for feed, stabling and care. The cost of feed was 54 per cent. of the total cost of maintenance, and the cost of labor was 22 per cent. of the total cost. Horse labor during the winter cost 21.6 cents per hour.

Good For the Soil.

Not only does farm manure supply plant food but the vegetable or organic matter it contains helps to increase the productivity of the soil. As this vegetable matter gradually breaks down, the acid products formed help dissolve and make available to plants some of the otherwise insoluble plant food in the soil. Furthermore, the humus helps retain moisture and improves the soil texture.

Is Insured for Six Million.

Rodman Wanamaker and his agents are searching the United States and the rest of the world for companies which will give him life insurance policies. He has already more than six million dollars' worth, and he wants more. His orders to Bickley Simpson, a prominent Philadelphia insurance agent, are crisp and unmistakable: "Get me the limit."

The president of the John Wanamaker stores is 61 years old, but numerous physical examinations have proved his health so excellent that he can continue to increase his insurance by another one or two millions. Experts have estimated that even if Mr. Wanamaker's aides carry their search into every continent on the globe and get a premium from every insurance company, "the limit" cannot exceed $7,200,000.

"As a young man," says Herbert Adams Gibbons in the Eastern Underwriter, "Mr. Wanamaker began to take out large policies. He was the first man in the world to apply for a million-dollar policy."

Pierre S. du Pont, of the Delaware family, carries, after Mr. Wanamaker, the largest amount of life insurance in the world, four million dollars. Others who carry large amounts are:

Adolph Zuker, $3,715,000; James C. Penny, $3,000,000; Percy A. Rockefeller, $3,000,000; J. P. Morgan, $2,750,000; William Fox, $2,500,000; B. E. Bensinger, $2,500,000; Charles M. Schwab, $2,125,000; Donald Woodward, $2,000,000; C. S. Mott, $2,010,000. John Wanamaker, R. N. Norland, J. W. Blodgett, Wm. Hays and Arthur Letts, Jr., all carry policies amounting to two million dollars.—New York Sun.

The Poor Fellow.

A preacher at the close of one of his revival sermons, said: "Let all in the house who are paying their debts stand up." Presently every man, woman and child, with one exception, rose to their feet.

The preacher seated them and said: "Now, let everyone that is not paying his debts stand up." The exception, a care-worn, hungry-looking individual, clothed in last summer's suit, slowly assumed a perpendicular position.

"How is it, my friend," asked the minister, "that you are the only one not able to meet his obligations."

"I run a newspaper," he answered meekly, "and the brethren here who stood up are my subscribers, and—"

"Let us pray," exclaimed the minister.—Rio Grande Valley Weekly.

DRAMAS IN A POWER STATION

What Really Happens When Volts Run Riot.

To the majority of town-dwellers the electric power station is as familiar a landmark as most other public buildings in their midst. Few have an adequate idea, however, of the risks run by the men who work within its towering walls, says Tit-Bits.

Occasionally there is enacted a scene that for dramatic intensity easily outclasses the most thrilling melodrama ever staged. Take, as a graphic instance, the case of the man who, through an error, started to say in two a main cable through which ran a current of two thousand volts.

The man was engaged on repair work in what is known as the cable pit, where all the big cables lie side by side, each bearing a number for identification purposes. When repairs are being carried out the current in the cable concerned is naturally shut off, but in this instance the numbers had got mixed, with the result that instead of cutting into a dead cable the man began to sever one that was tremendously alive!

Hardly had the saw cleft its way through the outer covering than there was a mighty flash, and the man was flung backwards by an unseen force that tore the saw into ribbons. Remarkable to relate, he was not seriously hurt, although considerable damage was done in the engine-room. Actually he had escaped death by the thickness of the outer covering that the rubber glove he was wearing at the time!

An almost equally unpleasant experience befell an employe at the Coventry Corporation electricity works. While changing some connections on the main switch board, his bare arm chanced to touch another part of the switchboard, and he was foiled to the ground by nearly half an hour he remained unconscious, and when picked up he was found to have suffered lacerations to his arm that might have been caused by knife.

Yet he quickly recovered and resumed his ordinary work, in spite of the fact that a current stronger than that used in America to electrocute criminals had passed through his body.

An Italian at the Sao Paulo Tramway, Light & Power Company in Brazil had an equally narrow escape from death. The man, with the son of the superintendent of the works, was standing near the main switchboard, where the pressure was twenty-four thousand volts, when his head came in contact with a copper bar charged at the same great voltage, his foot touching in the same instant a bolt in the floor. Half a second previously he had touched his companion's wrist, by way of attracting his attention above the din of the dynamos, and both were "struck" where they stood by the fearful current.

As it happened, the superintendent himself saw what had occurred. With wonderful daring he at once flung his full weight against the Italian, in order to knock him away from the copper bar. Extraordinarily enough, neither of the victims suffered any undue ill-effects from their terrible experience beyond a few bruises and burns, although there is little doubt that but for the superintendent's pluck both would have lost their lives.

At the Manchester Corporation electric light works there occurred an accident that is still recalled by many people. One night a bolt connecting a dynamo with an engine snapped suddenly, the loose ends whirling in all directions. The engine driver developed terrific speed, and finally burst, scattering fragments of hot metal all over the place.

Some of the flying metal struck the steam and water pipes running round the inside of the building, and these in turn burst, releasing scalding steam in huge clouds. Pandemonium reigned for a time, yet only two men were injured, and these not seriously.

WAR NAMES IN CANADA.

Names of Places Where Canadians Fought Preserved for Posterity.

The war has left its impression on the names of Canada. Leaders of the allied forces, hills and villages where the Canadians fought, are preserved for posterity by the use of the names for mountains, bays, villages, coves and other natural features. This is shown by a report by the Geographic Board of Canada, containing all decisions to the end of March last. It is far from a complete list of Canadian place-names, but rather those which have come before the board for some decision. Canada is fortunate in having plenty of unnamed lakes and mountains to which new names may be applied.

One of the most interesting choices is Poilus, given to a peak of 10,251 feet in the Yoho Valley, British Columbia, commemorating the French soldier in the World War, and replacing the name Habel, given to the peak in 1898 for Jean Habel of Berlin, Germany, who had climbed in the region in 1897. The new name came in response to an appeal by Les Annales, a Paris paper, which in part said: "We beg our Allies to keep one mountain for the great hero of the age, the humble and fascinating Poilu." There was another case of an important change, the use of the name of Lord Kitchener for the former city of Berlin, Ontario. The name was also given to an island in the Manitoulin district, Ontario, and to a mount in Alberta and British Columbia.

There were other war names almost as obvious. Foch is given to a mount in Alberta and British Columbia, after the generalissimo of the allied armies, 1918-19. Another mount in the same region is called Loos, after the early French commander in the war. This is no mere hill, being 11,316 feet high, while Mount Foch is 10,130. Jellicoe and Beatty recall the fame of two British admirals, while even Jutland, the name of the one great naval battle of the war, is similarly preserved. Jack Cornwell, the boy hero of the battle of Jutland, has a peak named for him, too. Lord Roberts, Sir William Robertson, Gen. Alderson and Lord Allenby, the captor of Jerusalem, also are remembered. Edith Cavell, the British nurse, who was shot by the Germans early in the war, is remembered by a high peak in Jasper Park. Battles like Vimy, Courcelette and Festubert, where the Canadians fought, are also among the names recalled by mountain peaks.

Other names in this record are a fascinating study. Borden is the name of a glacier at the foot of Mount Sir Robert, in British Columbia. Laurier is a cove in Prince Rupert harbor, and it is also applied to a lake in Northwestern Ontario, a mount in the Yukon, and to a river in the Mackenzie district. The Ashgan river, in L'Assomption County, along which Laurier played as a child, is an Indian name, meaning "bass." The beautiful names of Concession, in Prince Edward County, is an Indian word, meaning "pickerel." The Prince of Wales is perpetuated by a mount of 10,590 feet in British Columbia.

A Large Illuminating Ad.

The largest illuminating advertisement in the world has been erected at Loughborough. It is 512 feet long and 40 feet high, and consists of lettering painted on the side of a corrugated iron building. Twenty-six flood-light projectors are used to illuminate the sign.

Books in the Praise of Books.

Books are the crowning privilege in modern civilization. With a taste for books and music, let every person thank God, night and morning, that he was not born earlier in history.—T. Starr King.

DEPUTY RETURNING OFFICERS FOR LENNOX IN THE O.T.A. PLEBISCITE

Adolphustown No. 1—James P. Dorland.
Adolphustown No. 2—A. B. Sexsmith.
Amherst Island No. 1—George Howard.
Amherst Island No. 2—A. G. Hitchins.
Bath Village—William H. Hall.
Ernestown No. 1—Arthur A. Finlay.
Ernestown No. 2—Thomas D. Creighton.
Ernestown No. 3—D. E. Smith.
Ernestown No. 4—William H. Drew.
Ernestown No. 5—Mrs. Muriel A. Perry.
Ernestown No. 6—Sidney W. Clark.
North Fredericksburg No. 1—M. H. Schryver.
North Fredericksburg No. 2—Elmer Alkenbrack.
North Fredericksburg No. 3—Edwin L. File.
South Fredericksburg No. 1—Finlay B. Galt.
South Fredericksburg No. 2—Geo. D. Anderson.
Richmond No. 1—Edmund Long.
Richmond No. 2—Fred A. Henderson.
Richmond No. 3—Joseph Tate.
Richmond No. 4—William Provins.
Richmond No. 5—Frank McCutcheon.
Napanee No. 1—Walter Higgs.
Napanee No. 2—Mrs. Ella Wilson.
Napanee No. 4—Ernest J. Walters.
Napanee No. 5—R. Stanley Wales.

For the Shooting Season.

Dominion ammunition, Crown, Falcon, Canuck, Imperial Long Range American ammunition, expert Western Field, and Supreme X shot shells, also rifle ammunition. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

DAVY & ALLISON

Plumbing, Furnace Work, Tinsmiths.

Hardware, Paints and Oils.

Stoves, and Furnaces.

DAVY & ALLISON,

Next to Caton's.

Denison Bros.

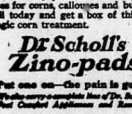
We Sell to Satisfy.

Pure Cream Tartar, 1 lb..	30c.
Pure Black Pepper, 1 lb..	25c.
1 lb. tin Sockeye Salmon..	28c.
2 pkgs. Shredded Wheat...	25c.
Good Black Tea, 1 lb.....	50c.
Good Green Tea, 1 lb.....	50c.
1 lb. Fine Tea for.....	30c.
Try our Vinegar, per gal..	35c.
14 B. tin Baking Powder..	20c.
4 bars White Naptha.....	25c.
Lennox Laundry Soap, 6 bars for.....	25c.
6 bars Olive Toilet.....	25c.
3 lbs. good Rice.....	20c.
2 lbs. Cocoa for.....	20c.
Shortening, per lb.....	17c.

Denison Bros.

North Centre Street.

NAPANEE, ONTARIO.



CORNS end the pain quickly, *safely*

In one minute you can end the pain of corns with Dr. Scholl's Zino-pads. They end the misery of corns by eliminating the cause, *friction-pressure*. No danger of infection from cutting or corrosive acids.

Zino-pads are *thin*, antiseptic, waterproof. They protect while they heal. Sizes for corns, callouses and bunions. Call today and get a box of this *new*, magic corn treatment.

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Put one on—the pain is gone!

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The Haines Shoe Houses

To Fishermen.

Best quality linen gill-netting at less than Toronto prices. Cotton line and Leader net. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

ST. ANDREWS' Annual

CONCERT AND BAZAAR

CANTATA

Penitence, Pardon, Peace

Chorus—40 Voices.

Soloists:

Mrs. E. Burritt, Soprano

Mr. Marvin Rathbun, Baritone.

Miss Helen VanLuven, Pianist.

Organist and Conductor, Mrs. J. E. Madden.

ST. ANDREWS' CHURCH

THURSDAY, OCT. 30th

Poultry Wanted.

Bring us your surplus of young roosters and hens that are not laying. Correct weight and fair prices are bringing us increased business. We buy any legal day, but prefer them Mondays, Tuesdays and Wednesdays. Give us a trial.

THE M. B. MILLS CO.
47-tf. Phone 103,

Queen's Rugby team won the game on Saturday from Varsity, score 8-2.

Mr. John Milligan, a former well-known resident of Napanee, later of Vernon and Vancouver, B.C., passed away in the latter city recently. The funeral was held on Saturday, Oct. 11th.

Toronto, Oct. 16.—Hon. Peter Smith, Aemilius Jarvis, Sr., Aemilius Jarvis, Jr., H. G. Pepall, and C. A. Matthews are to stand trial for Ontario Government bond deals. The grand jury returned true bills.

On Thursday evening the first degree team of Argyll Lodge, No. 212, I.O.O.F., paid a fraternal visit to Peterborough Lodge and conferred the first degree. The visitors were splendidly entertained while in Peterborough.

On Thursday, Oct. 30th, H. W. Gallagher will sell for John Thompson, half mile south of Roblin, at 1 p.m., 3 horses, 6 cows, yearling bull, calves, pigs, hens, farm machinery, household furniture and crops. Usual terms.

James A. Peterson, a well-known and highly respected farmer of the township of Adolphustown, passed away on Wednesday last. His health had been failing for some time and the end was not unexpected. His devoted wife remains to mourn his loss.

At Trinity Church on Wednesday afternoon a pretty wedding took place when Miss Helen Margaret McGill, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. McGill, Centreville, became the bride of Mr. Floyd Martin, only son of Mr. and Mrs. F. Martin, Napanee. The bride was attended by Miss Pauline Thompson, while Mr. Stanley Waggar performed a like office for groom.

The Lennox and Addington Historical Society are unveiling a Cairn at Finkle's Point, Bath, on Thursday, Oct. 30th, commemorating the launching of the first steamer on the Great Lakes in 1816. The speakers on the occasion will be W. N. Ponton, K.C., of Belleville, and W. S. Herrington, K.C., and Rev. A. J. Wilson, of Napanee. The unveiling ceremony will take place at 4 o'clock p.m., and a large gathering is anticipated.

Quebec, Oct. 19.—Entering his daughter-in-law's residence shortly after 8 o'clock tonight, Hon. Jean Marc Joseph Pantaleon Pelletier, Agent-General for the Province of Quebec in the United Kingdom, suffered a stroke of apoplexy and died instantly.

Hon. Dr. Pelletier, who was home on a vacation from his official duties, had just crossed the threshold of the house when he fell to the floor. Medical assistance was at once summoned, but death was pronounced extinct when the doctors arrived. An inquest will be held tomorrow morning by Coroner Jolicoeur.

Every sportsman will be interested in the November issue of Rod and Gun in Canada. The stories and articles, based on a variety of subjects, will hold the attention of all who read. Raymond Thompson has an unusually good story entitled, "The Sins of the Fathers," in this number. Some Wild Animal Trails and Some Adventures Along Them, from the pen of Bonnycastle Dale is on a par with his previous excellent wild animal stories. Hubert J. Black has written a humorous account of an English "fender-foot" who is duped by an unscrupulous fur buyer in the West in his story called Foxes. These are only a few of the interesting contributions to this number, which also include an enlightening article on Moose Calling by Henry Braithwaite and A Fishing Trip to the Island Province, by A. F. Atkinson. The stories of F. S. Williams, Martin Buhler and J. W. Winson, who are regular contributors to the magazine, are all up to the mark and the regular departments conducted by the departmental editors are brimful of good and interesting reading.

Will Visit Napanee.

T. Blackburn, Optician, of Belleville, will visit Napanee at Campbell House, each Wednesday, 9 a.m., to 6 p.m. Full optical equipment carried, giving same service as at our Belleville office.

ST. ANDREWS'

CONCERT AND BAZAAR

Sale of Fancy Work, Bags, Aprons, Candy, and Home-made Food.

Tea served from 4 to 6 p. m.

ST. ANDREWS' CHURCH

THURSDAY, OCT. 30th.

PERSONALS

(All our readers are cordially invited to hand in, or send in, any news they may have for this column).

Mrs. Geo. Switzer gave a tea on Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. Bert Shibley, Toronto, was in Napanee a few days last week.

Mrs. Mathewson and son, of Montreal, are guests of Mrs. F. F. Miller.

Mr. Luman Sherwood, Ottawa, spent the week-end in Napanee with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Sherwood.

Mr. Ernest Wagar, Massena, N.Y., spent the week-end with his mother, Mrs. Ella Wagar.

Miss Alma Huff left last week for Belleville, where she joins the staff of McFee's Jewellry Store.

Miss Reta Craig, who has been spending the past six months with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Craig, left on Sunday for Passadena, Cal.

Master George and Miss Margaret Daly, Toronto University, spent the week-end in town with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Daly.

Judge and Mrs. Deroche, Belleville, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. McClew on Sunday.

Miss Agnes Prittie, Copper Cliff spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Pringle.

Mr. Roy VanZant, Severn Falls, is visiting his grandmother, Mrs. T. B. Lund, Kingston Road.

Mr. D. A. Ward, Hamilton, spent last week the guest of Mrs. T. B. Lund.

Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Shorey, St. Anne de Bellevieux, Quebec, are guests of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Shorey, Palace Road.

On Thursday evening Mrs. Lizzie Holmes and Mrs. Marshall, Kingston, gave a wedding shower for Miss Mary Wilson.

Mrs. Robt. Henry, Toronto, is the guest of Mrs. Fuller, Clarksville.

Mrs. McIntyre, Toronto, and Mrs. Cartwright, Kingston, are guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Henry.

Mr. Alex Lynch spent last week in Paris, Mich., attending the funeral of his brother-in-law, Mr. Dan Brennan.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Boyes spent last week in London and Windsor.

Mr. Geo. Rodd, Oshawa, spent Monday with Mrs. A. S. Kimmerly.

Mr. J. P. Donoghue, Flint, Mich., is visiting friends at Enterprise.

Miss Effie Empey, Los Angeles, Cal., is the guest of her brother, Mr. J. T. Empey.

Miss Margaret Nolan spent a few days in Smith's Falls last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Zender and Mr. Herbert Wilson are on a motor trip to Nauvoo.

At the 38th annual Convention of the Canadian Ticket Agents, at Windsor last week, Mr. J. L. Boyes was elected first Vice-President of the Association.

Mr. Maurice Wolfe, of the Royal Bank staff, Toronto, has been transferred to Ottawa, and spent the week-end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Wolfe.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Ming, Ottawa, spent the week-end with his parents, Dr. and Mrs. E. Ming.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Vandewater, of Belleville, motored to Noponee last week and had dinner with Mrs. Sidney Scott. Mrs. Jones returned with them for a few days.

Judge and Mrs. J. H. Madden, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Deroche and Miss Asselstine motored to Ottawa and spent the week-end the guests of Col. and Mrs. A. P. Deroche.

On Friday evening the Live Wires Sunday School Class of Trinity Church gave Miss Mary Wilson a wedding shower at the residence of Mrs. W. S. Exley.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Holmes, Odessa, and Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Anderson, Napanee, have returned from a delightful motor trip to New York City, via the Lackawana Trail and Deleware Water Gap. After ten days in New York City, where they attended the world series in baseball, the return trip was made via the famous Mohawk Trail and the Adirondacks. In the absence of Mr. and Mrs. Holmes, Miss Alice Holmes was the guest of Dr. J. E. and Mrs. Mabee, Odessa.

Mr. Fred C. Simpkins, of Tamworth, and Agnes Pierce, Centreville, were married on Saturday at Buffalo, N.Y.

DEATHS

Miller—At Napanee, on Saturday, Oct. 18th, 1924, Fredrick Fraser Miller, in his 63rd year.

Platt—At Ernesttown, on Thursday, Oct. 16th, 1924, Charity E. Platt, aged 99 years, 2 months.

Peterson—At Adolphustown, on Thursday, October 16th, 1924, James Archibald Peterson, aged 76 years, 4 days.

Sheehan—At Hotel Dieu, Kingston, on Sunday, Oct. 19th, 1924, Mrs. Sarah Sheehan.

SILLSVILLE.

Farmers are busy filling silos and digging potatoes. Some report excellent crops of the tubers which are of a fine quality.

Sillsville is undergoing a great change of appearance; a new bridge has been completed over the creek and as the road has been widened and raised, it will be greatly appreciated. The church is rapidly nearing completion. It will be a handsome edifice and is hoped to have it opened in about a month.

The Ladies' Aid have organized their members to serve a fowl supper in the near future. About a year ago the ladies volunteered the sum of $500 for building the church; they now hope to have a good balance on hand after the fowl supper.

A few days ago three young men were caught stealing hens from Mr. Roy Frink's barn. The following day they were arrested and each sentenced to a jail term.

VanLuven's Coal, $14.50, no more—Get yours to-day.

Chappy Sport Coats

A special shipment just received makes our sweater stock complete in sizes and colors. These come in good quality of brushed wool with edges bound in silk.

Priced in our quality, $5.50 each.

Devil—What in hell are you laughing at?

His Assistant—Oh, I just had a flapper locked up in a room with a thousand hats and no mirrors.

—Princeton Tiger.

Armure Crepe Skirts $3.95 Each.

These Skirts are pleated by the best known methods. The pleats are there to stay. From this cloth you can expect splendid service. Obtainable in shades of Sandalwood, Brown, Navy and Black. All sizes.

When in Quest of Good Merchandise Shop at Robinson's

Quality — Service — Value

This tremendous nation-wide Congoleum Sale affords you the opportunity of purchasing your floor covering requirements at greatly reduced prices.

"Congoleum" is a household word; women know it as a sanitary, durable, artistic floor covering. The patterns rival those found in the most exclusive hand-made importations.

For ten more days we are letting down the barrier of price. Unrestricted you may choose your requirements at greatly reduced prices. At Robinson's you'll find a complete stock of patterns and sizes. This is essentially your opportunity. Don't miss it.

HERE ARE THE SIZES AND THE SPECIAL PRICES
FOR THIS SALE

9 ft x 6 ft., regular price $8.00, Special Price $7.95.
9 ft. x 7½ ft., regular price $11.25, Special Price $9.95.
9 ft. x 9 ft., regular price $13.50, Special Price $11.95.
9 ft. x 10½ ft. regular price $15.75, Special Price $13.95.
9 ft. x 12 ft., regular price $18.00, Special Price $15.95.

SPECIAL IN ROLLER BLINDS MOUNTED ON HARTSHORN ROLLERS

We were very fortunate in securing a liberal supply of oil opaque roller shades from the largest makers in Canada. They are mounted on Hartshorn guaranteed rollers. The colors featured are Cream, White and dark Green. Come 37 inches wide and 6 ft. long.

These blinds are regularly sold for $1.35 each. While they last our price to you will be 98 cents. each. With these blinds you get the new nickle polished bracket hooks, which are considered to wear and to look much better than the ordinary bracket.

On display and for sale in our Carpet Department.

SPECIALLY PURCHASED GROUP OF WOMEN'S AND MISSES' FUR TRIMMED COATS

Being Cleared at $19.75 Each.

Worth Regularly $25.00.

Featured in Five Styles and Six Colors.

Measure these Coats with any yard-stick you like and we feel sure they will meet any and all of your requirements.

Your greatest difficulty will be in deciding which of the five styles is best adapted for your personal use.

The six good Autumn shades featured, afford plenty of scope for individual preference.

Their long slender lines are in close harmony with Fashion's demands. Cable stitching, ribbing and buttons originally applied, create a desirable smartness.

"Warmth" will be obtained, because each coat is made from firmly woven, all wool Canadian Velour, because each coat is lined throughout and because each coat is inter-lined.

We purchased these coats, after a careful survey of the markets—we know they are the best coats procurable at this price anywhere.

We invite you to choose your requirements here.

Sizes range from Misses' 16, to Women's 44.

SCHOOL-GIRLS REQUIRE STURDY COATS YOU'LL GET THAT KIND AT ROBINSON'S

A glance at our present range of Coats will convince the average Mother that our Girls' Coats are built to stand the stress of service.

A "Try-On" will convince the average School-girl that our coats are right-up-to-the-minute in styles and in materials. Rarely do we buy two coats exactly alike in materials. Rarely do we buy two coats exactly alike in materials. Rarely do we buy two coats exactly alike